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NO. 18,972.

ENTERED AS SECOND CLASS MATTER
POSTOFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C.

The Washington Post.

Weather — Generally fair, with slowly rising temperature today and tomorrow; gentle winds, mostly northwest and north.
Temperature yesterday — Highest, 58; lowest, 52.
Weather details on page 10.

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TWO CENTS.

POST-SCRIPTS

By
GEORGE ROTHWELL BROWN

"The words of wise men are heard in quiet more than the cry of him that ruleth among fools."

Charlie Curtis becomes the inevitable and logical compromise candidate on the farm issue—he is for the McNary-Haugen bill on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, and against it on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

President Coolidge requests Ambassador Morrow to return to Mexico City as quickly as possible—his Kansas City vacation is breaking up a foursome.

The Nats go Democratic again by an overwhelming minority.

Smashing all precedents the House sustains a veto by President Coolidge.

Senator Fess, of Ohio, sounds the Kansas City keynote as he casts his helpful vote to sustain the President's veto of the McNary-Haugen bill, but we suspect that the other four Western Republican Senators, up for reelection this year, who voted to override it, will not choose to run on the Coolidge platform.

It is a striking commentary upon the decline of Congress that such an utterly indefensible measure as the extravagant Boulder Dam bill could be passed by the House of Representatives without a roll call, although there is some consolation in the reflection that the gentlemen perpetrating the outrage are too ashamed of themselves to leave a record vote for the perusal of posterity. Mr. Coolidge is going to need another goose quill.

If it were not for McNary-Haugen and the attempt to put the United States Government into the fertilizer business the Boulder Dam bill would stand out even more vividly. Congress finally puts the seal of its approval on the Muscle Shoals monstrosity. Any stranger picking up a copy of the Congressional Record nowadays might easily fall into the error of imagining that he was reading the minutes of the last convention of the I. W. W. or the proceedings of the Third International.

The grape-juice bill for the relief of underpaid Government clerks is finally on its way to become a law. Let us hope that the next Congress will give these patient victims of pinching parsimony a real salary boost somewhat more invigorating than one-half of 1 per cent.

Mr. Norris' idea of a general grand all-round snooping feast, with every person smelling in his neighbor's pantry to ascertain how much jam and cheese he has, is finally rejected by the Senate. Sad blow to those who love to spy.

"And treat the whole world like pie."

Made for thy finger, Mr. Pry."

Twenty-five members of the National Press Club protest the admission of a man who, if elected, would add to its roster the most distinguished name on the list. It is fatal for newspaper men and politicians to take themselves too seriously.

But what do the railroads think of Mr. Schwab's plan for increasing steel profits by eliminating unnecessary transportation? When the carriers aren't called upon to haul so much steel they won't need so much.

Miss Megan Lloyd George is in a fair way to sit beside her distinguished father in the House of Commons. If not a chip, at least a splinter, of the old block.

Phillips Lee Goldsborough is the Republican candidate for the Senate from Maryland, and it is understood that he will talk turkey to William Cabell Bruce.

German scientists who had hoped to pay off the war debt with sea water sadly discover that there is more gold in elbow grease than there is in the ocean.

Peppy Joyce denies that she is engaged to be married to a Count. Sometimes the story that sounds sometimes turns out to be the biggest fake.

The Western farm revolt against Hoover has now reached such appalling proportions that nothing seems calculated to save the Republican party from disaster but the reelection of President Coolidge to insure another McNary-Haugen veto. "How quaint the ways of Paradox At common sense she gayly mocks."

If Congress treats a President like this toward the close of his second term how many bills would be passed over the veto toward the close of his third?

Congress suddenly learns about Commander Read and the NC-4.

Still, where else but in the Senate would Mr. Norris feel so perfectly at home!

2 BANKERS KILLED, PHYSICIAN KIDNAPED AND SLAIN BY BAND

Third Victim of Holdup, Abducted, Believed to Be Dead.

POSSES AND PLANES PURSUING IN KANSAS

Doctor Lured Away to Help Wounded Robber, Then Is Put to Death.

Dighton, Kans., May 25 (A.P.)—Fleeting before heavily armed posses aided by two airplanes, the four desperadoes who Wednesday shot down two officers of the First National Bank of Lamar, Colo., today killed Dr. W. W. Wining, of Dighton, whom they abducted last night.

Officers expressed fear that E. A. Kessinger, assistant cashier of the bank who was kidnapped in the holdup, also had been slain. An unverified report reached here during the day that Kessinger's body had been found near Scott City, Kans.

A. N. Parrish and his son, John Parrish, officials of the bank, were shot and killed in the holdup.

The killers were being hotly pursued today and were reported to be in the vicinity of Modoc, Kans., after a mad flight over the western Kansas prairies.

Body Found Beside Road.

The body of Dr. Wining, who was sure away from home last night supposedly to dress the wounds sustained by one of the robbers in a gun fight in the bank, was found 25 miles south of Oakley, Kans.

He had been shot in the back of the head with a shotgun and apparently tossed over an embankment, at the bottom of which his motor car was found. The body which was still warm when found by possemen was brought here this afternoon.

Dr. Wining was made captive through a ruse, one of the gunmen summoning him away from home with a story that a man had been severely injured in a tractor accident.

Dr. Wining was about 40 years old. He is survived by his widow and two small children.

Spurred on by the cold-blooded killing, more than 400 heavily armed men in motor cars continued the hunt for the desperadoes, assisted by the air planes.

Flier Drops Notes to Posse.

Lieut. Reavis, of Lowry Field Denver scouted the countryside by air and

CONTINUED ON PAGE 8, COLUMN 4

TOKYO NOTE BELIEVED TO BACK KELLOGG PACT

Tokyo, May 25 (A.P.)—The Japanese cabinet today approved formally the Japanese note to the United States on the Kellogg proposal to outlaw war. It is understood that the reply is a blank approval of the plan.

The emperor's sanction is necessary before the reply can be handed to Charles MacVeagh, American Ambassador.

CONTINUED ON PAGE 8, COLUMN 4

8 KILLED, 5 INJURED IN MINE GAS BLAST

Explosion Occurs Under Central Section of the City of Wilkes-Barre.

Wilkes-Barre, Pa., May 25 (A.P.)—Eight mine workers were killed and five injured in a gas explosion today in the Conyngham shaft of the Hudson Coal Co. in the northern section of the city.

The dead were identified as Maurice Ryan, Daniel Gallagher, Louis Olson, Vincent Misigiewicz, Daniel Norton, and Michael Oka and George E. Sapotovich, sons.

The blast occurred, under the center of the city to Wilkes-Barre, in a section which had been idle for several years and in which work was resumed last week. Sparks from a motor were believed to have ignited a pocket of gas.

Company officials placed a heavy guard to keep back the hundreds who endeavored to get some word of their loved ones.

The Western farm revolt against Hoover has now reached such appalling proportions that nothing seems calculated to save the Republican party from disaster but the reelection of President Coolidge to insure another McNary-Haugen veto.

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The Washington Post

The Capital's Greatest Newspaper.

Congress Speeds Action As Session Nears Close

Congress yesterday took legislative action on many important matters as follows.

The Senate sustained President Coolidge's veto of the McNary-Haugen relief bill. This killed the measure.

The House sustained the President's veto of the bill providing for post roads through Indian lands in eleven states.

The Senate and House passed the Muscle Shoals bill after eliminating a provision to have the Government plant there manufacture fertilizer to be sold to farmers. This was obnoxious to the President.

The House passed the Boulder Dam bill. The Senate was debating this measure when it recessed early last evening.

The compromise revenue measure, framed by a conference committee, was adopted by the Senate after elimination of the provision for publicity of income tax returns, which the President opposed. The bill will cut taxes \$222,000,000.

Senate and House adopted the conference report harmonizing difference over the deficiency appropriation bill.

New and reduced postal rates were agreed upon by Senate and House conferees.

Senate and House adopted the conference report on the Welch bill increasing the salaries of Government employees, which was sent to the President for approval.

Senate adopted the Capper resolution authorizing an inquiry into the merger plan for District traction companies.

The House adopted the Crumpton resolution to prevent private exploitation of Great Falls, which now goes to the Senate.

ENTIRE MARYLAND VOTE INSTRUCTED FOR HOOVER

State G. O. P. Convention Ratifies Preference Expressed at Primary.

JACKSON FACTION WINS

Special to The Washington Post.

Baltimore, Md., May 25—The group led by Roland R. Marchant, Republican boss of Baltimore, and closely affiliated with the Jackson State faction, had undisputed control of the Republican State convention at the Maryland Theatre today and dominated every action taken, party leaders declared.

O. E. Weller, former United States senator and leader of the wing which opposed the Marchant forces, did not attend the meeting of any of the previous conferences. His name was not mentioned by any of the speakers today.

The nineteen delegates who will represent Maryland at the Republican national convention in Kansas City on June 12 were "instructed to nominate" William P. Jackson of Salisbury, for re-election as national committeeman in a resolution adopted at the convention.

By the same resolution the delegates also were "instructed to nominate" Mrs.

CONTINUED ON PAGE 8, COLUMN 4

Peasants of 3 Lands To Unite Politically

Prague, Czechoslovakia, May 25 (A.P.)—Plans to form a united front against fascism and bolshevism and to gain political cooperation among millions of peasants in Czechoslovakia, Roumania and Yugoslavia, were perfected here today. Peasant party leaders of those countries decided to invite the peasants in the former countries of Bulgaria, Austria and Hungary to join them.

Milan Hodza, minister of education in the Czechoslovakian cabinet, will be head of the united organization which will seek greater economic and social advantages for the peasants.

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CLERKS' PAY RAISE SENT TO PRESIDENT BY ACTION IN HOUSE

Coolidge Now Expected to Sign Promptly, Possibly Today.

135,000 ARE TO GET ADVANCE ON JULY 1

Woodrum Only Member Who Voted Adversely; Unfair to Low-Paid, Claim.

Congressional action on the Welch pay-raise bill was completed late yesterday, and today the measure goes to the White House for the President's signature. The House approved the conference report on the bill at 5:40 o'clock, just as dusk was enveloping the Capitol. The Senate had approved it three hours earlier.

The bill now needs only the signature of President Coolidge to attain the status of a law. It is expected that the President will affix his signature today or Monday.

Or the 435 members of the House and the 96 members of the Senate, only one voted against approval of the report on the bill—Representative Woodrum (Democrat), of Virginia, who contended that the bill was unfair to the lower paid employees.

Raises Granted \$135,000.

The bill provides raises for 135,000 Government employees 45,000 in the District and 90,000 in the States. These raises take effect July 1.

Bitterness marked the end of the bill's journey through Congress. In both houses, the charge was made that the bill was unfair to the low-paid workers. Woodrum made it in the House, and Senator Dill (Democrat) of Washington, in the Senate.

Representative Celler (Democrat) of New York, one of the House conferees on the bill, apologized for having signed the conference report. He declared that the bill did not go far enough in relieving distress among the employees, but explained that as he had signed it on the theory that half a loaf was better than none.

Speaks for Charwoman.

"Woodrum the next speaker, told Col. Celler that he did not blame him for being 'ashamed' of himself for signing the conference report. Like Celler he recited the action of the conferees in reducing the raise for charwomen from 10 cents an hour to 5 cents an hour.

The bill as passed by the Senate Woodrum said, was much better than the House bill, in that it added additional salary rates at the top of the grades and provided increases for all.

"But there was a difference of \$2,000,000 or \$3,000,000 in the Senate bill," Woodrum shouted, "and because the bill was unfair to the low-paid workers, Woodrum made it in the House." He added that the bill was not fair to the charwomen.

He recalled that the House had not hesitated to defy the President and pass

CONTINUED ON PAGE 8, COLUMN 2

NAVY SEAPLANE SETS TWO WORLD RECORDS

Marks for Time and Range With Useful Load Fall; XPN-12 Still Up.

Philadelphia, May 25 (A.P.)—Two new world records were established today by the XPN-12, a new type naval seaplane.

The robbers fled into a swamp, after abandoning their automobile at the Coosa River and taking a boat to cross the stream. More than 500 men are in the posse which have surrounded the swamp.

Chief Crow was badly injured when struck by a fender of the automobile as the robbers raced through here, firing many shots.

Two hours later the XPN-12 shattered the endurance record for range, having covered approximately 1,920 miles, 31 miles farther than the old mark made by a Swiss Dornier seaplane piloted by Richard Wagner and George Winkler.

Philadelphia Navy Yard officials said messages dropped by the fliers, Lieut. Zues Soucek, pilot; Lish J. Maxson, assistant pilot, and G. C. Poley, machinist, indicated that the plane would remain aloft until after daybreak.</

KALGAN CAPTURED BY SOUTH CHINESE NORTH OF CAPITAL

New Threat Against Peking Seen; Northerners Back to Hankow Pass.

FIGHTING SOUTH OF CITY GROWING MORE INTENSE

Bulk of Manchurian Armies Engaged. Though 25,000 Men Are in Reserve.

London, May 25 (A.P.)—A dispatch to the Daily Mail from Peking says that Chinese sources report that Kalgan, 125 miles northwest of the capital, has surrendered to the Nationalist forces. The report states that the northerners are retreating rapidly.

Farmers report that the northern army is occupying its last line of defense around Hankow Pass. This is approximately 60 miles north of the threatened city.

(Occupation of Kalgan constitutes a new threat from a fresh quarter against Peking and the cause of the Chinese northern forces. There have been few previous reports of any military activity in that quarter. The principal fighting of the campaign hitherto has taken place far to the south and southwest suffered checks in that direction.)

Heavy Fighting in South.

(Special Cable Dispatch.)

Peking, May 25.—There is increasing heavy fighting along the lines, 100 miles south of Peking. The bulk of the Manchurian armies is engaged, though 60,000 Kiang troops are assigned to the protection of Tientsin and Peking, with a reserve army exceeding 25,000 held for emergencies.

The battle seems heaviest on the western end, near Faotungfu, from where 1,500 wounded have reached Peking. It is estimated that the Chinese have evacuated less than 20 percent of their forces.

The apparent object of the present battle is to drive a breach between the Shansi army and Gen. Feng Yu-hsiang's troops. The left on the railway way south of Peking, is not importantly engaged, indicating that the southern forces are aiming at the southward movement, avoiding Tientsin on account of the danger of foreign complications, since approximately 16,000 protocol troops are guarding the foreign concessions.

Peking Rejects Japan's Stand.

The Nanking government has not replied to the Japanese note regarding the occupation of Manchuria, &c., should Tientsin and Peking be reached, but the Peking government replied that even if the note could not be necessary to adopt effective measures.

The Chinese government is also asked to accept the note, as the Japanese are peaceable or friendly.

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SOCIALIST PARTY CANDIDATES MEET



Norman Thomas (left), Socialist party candidate for President, and James H. Maurer, the party's candidate for the Vice Presidency, pictured at a meeting of the party leaders held recently in Newark, N. J.

RUM RUNNER CRIPPLED BY SHELLS OF CUTTER

One Lands in Whisky Cargo Without Exploding, Saving Lives of the Crew.

\$120,000 LIQUOR SEIZED

Special to The Washington Post.

New York, May 25.—The 110-foot rum runner Tonawanda, formerly a submarine chaser, was shelled and captured in Raritan Bay today, drowning out of yesterday's display of the Italian flag at the Italian consulate in Tunsbruck in honor of the thirteenth anniversary of Italy's entry into the World War.

The government of Vienna, however, anxious to forestall any possible protest from Premier Mussolini over the capture of the rum runner, and the students and the accompanying demonstrators, tendered a formal apology to the Italian charge d'affaires, although it was frankly thought this was little more than mockery of the traditional policies of the ministry. No legal barrier, he said, lay in the path of establishing a single board of administration.

Dr. Warfield protested that the establishment of a single board would imperil these traditional policies.

"Such a board, vested as it is proposed with authority to hire and fire faculty members, would intrude into the affairs of the university," he declared. "No board would be qualified to control instruction in the traditional policies of the university."

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CONTINENTAL DEAL PAYS TO TREASURY \$2,000,000 IN TAX

Mellon Reports to Senate,
Giving Figures and Saying
More Is Expected.

**COST TO COMMITTEE
\$15,000, WALSH FINDS**

**Sinclair and Stewart Are Not
Mentioned by Secretary;
Others Who Paid.**

(Associated Press)
Income taxes, penalties and interest
amounting to over \$2,000,000
have been recovered by the Government
as the result of investigations by
the Senate Teapot Dome committee
and the Treasury into the Continental
Trading Co., whose affairs were linked
with the Teapot Dome negotiations with
the Teapot Dome oil leasees.

Secretary Mellon informed the Senate
yesterday in complying with a reso-
lution that "full satisfaction for the
corporation's liability for taxes, pen-
alties and interest" had been collected.
Of the amount James E. O'Neill, former president of
the Prairie Oil & Gas Co. paid \$151,-
305.91; H. M. Blackmer, former chair-
man of the board of the Mid West Refin-
ing Co., hundred percent owned by
the Sinclair Crude Oil Purchasing
jointly owned by the Sinclair Consol-
idated Oil Corporation and the Stand-
ard Oil Co. of Indiana, passed out
\$303,194.18.

Not Yet Concluded.

Harry F. Sinclair and Robert W.
Stewart, ranking officers of the Stan-
dard Oil Co., and their families were
not mentioned as having been assessed
income taxes on the amounts they re-
ceived from Blackmer and H. M. Ossler,
president of the Continental, and the
Secretary said "other sources" had paid
\$1,368,910.09. He added that "some steps
are being taken to appropriate steps
to determine the liability of all indi-
viduals and corporations concerned in
the famous Continental deal."

Senator Walsh (Democrat), Montana,
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than \$15,000.

The story behind the investigations,
he said, was much more interesting
than the public. The senator declared
that the committee's work had made possi-
ble the recovery of the taxes in divulging
the Continental oil deal. The com-
mittee, he said, had cost a little less
than \$15,000.

Bond Divisions Traced.

The deal which resulted in the col-
lection of the taxes was started in 1921
when the Continental Trading Co. pur-
chased 33,333 barrels of oil from
the late James A. Humphrey, of Denver,
for \$1.50 per barrel, and resold it to the
Sinclair Crude Oil Purchasing Co.
and Prairie Oil & Gas Co., for \$1.75 per
barrel. The profits of this deal, \$3,000,000
of the profits were invested in the
Liberator, Inc., which was owned by
Albert B. Fall, former Secretary of the
Interior, and to Will H. Hays, former
Postmaster General.

Testimony developed by the Senate
Teapot Dome committee showed that
Sinclair, Stewart, Blackmer and Ossler
had each received approximately one-
third of the profits of the Continental.
Sinclair and Stewart recently turned
their share over to the Sinclair Crude
Co., which several years ago had taken
over the Continental Co.'s contract.

Secretary Mellon informed the Senate
yesterday in complying with a reso-
lution that "full satisfaction for the
corporation's liability for taxes, pen-
alties and interest" had been collected.
Of the amount James E. O'Neill, former president of
the Prairie Oil & Gas Co. paid \$151,-
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CONTINUED FROM PAGE 1.

and House, while members of the Utah
Congressional delegation have fought
the bill with equal vigor.

On the other hand, Senator Johnson
and Representative Swing, both Cali-
fornians and author of the bill, have resorted to every parliamentary
means to expedite the measure's
consideration.

In the Senate, with its rules per-
mitting unlimited debate, Senator
Johnson has fought the bill in the Senate.

On the House, however, Swing cleared the
big legislative barrier a few weeks ago
with the rules committee giving the
measure preferred status on the cal-
endar. Once the bill reached the House
it was voted, but no motion was made
before a vote could be reached that body's
drastic rules for shutting off debate,
making protracted consideration impos-
sible.

The opposition group contended that
the bill failed to safeguard the rights
of Arizona and Utah, while proponents
declared that the two States in
blocking the measure were leaving Imperial
Valley unprotected from the Colorado
flood menace and also retarding
development of the natural resources of the
Southwestern States.

In addition to its other purposes the
bill would provide for roads through the
Colo-Idaho line and Imperial Valley,
thus insuring the valley of a water supply
for irrigation purposes from sources
wholly within the United States.

Further, the bill would provide that
the measure previously had been re-
jected by the Senate over the veto, but
with the House's rejection it cast
nae.

**House Sustains Veto
On Indian Road Bill**

(Associated Press)

The House refused yesterday to over-
ride the veto of President Coolidge on
the bill to appropriate more than
\$10,000,000 for roads through the Western
public domain and Indian lands.

The measure previously had been re-
jected by the Senate over the veto, but
with the House's rejection it cast
nae.

DIED

ABBOTT—On Thursday, May 24, 1928, at
her residence, 324 Fourteenth Street
southeast, Washington, D. C., died, dep-
osed wife of William H. Abbott.

CLARK—On Thursday, May 24, 1928, CHARLES
F. Clark, beloved husband of Mrs. Mary Clark
Doris, died at his home, 386 Main Street, Laurel, Md., on Saturday,
May 26, at 2 p. m. Interment at Laurel
Cemetery.

CLARK—On Thursday, May 24, 1928, at
11 a. m. ADELAINE B. widow of
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The Washington Post.

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WASHINGTON, D. C.
EDWARD B. McLEAN,
President and Publisher.

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Saturday, May 26, 1928.

THE FARM RELIEF ISSUE.

The bill designed to rob the consumers of the United States for the benefit of the producers has died the death. The Senate could not muster sufficient votes to override the President's veto. Mr. Coolidge's merciless exposure of the iniquity of the McNary-Haugen bill has been read from one end of the country to the other, and its advocates are now on the defensive, both in Congress and in the West. President Coolidge has earned the gratitude of American citizens by frustrating this attempt to boost the cost of foodstuff under the pretext of relieving agriculture.

The Republican national convention can not compromise with the farm belt to the extent of approving the McNary-Haugen bill or of denouncing President Coolidge for vetoing it. A farm relief plank will be devised, no doubt, but it will be such as proposes relief in some other fashion than by raising the cost of living. The consumers of this country will be represented at Kansas City, as well as the producers. Both sides are entitled to a square deal, and no more.

President Coolidge is said to have prepared a plan of farm relief which he is ready to recommend to Congress. It is too much to expect that his plan will be approved during this session, because of the resentment of the McNary-Haugenites and the impending adjournment; but a sound and equitable plan, such as Mr. Coolidge would propose, would command attention well in advance of the Kansas City convention, and might go far toward reconciling the contending factions. During the campaign, also, the Coolidge plan would receive the consideration of voters, and sober second thought might induce Western Republicans to accept it, even if they are reluctant to abandon the dream of taking advantage of the American consumer.

Around the farm relief question revolves the strategy of nominating and electing a Republican President. It is a greater problem than any that confronts the Democrats, now that Gov. Al Smith has won over so many followers in the West and South. A farm relief plan proposed by President Coolidge and accepted by the farm elements might pave the way for the nomination of Secretary Hoover; for it may be taken for granted that Hoover would champion the plan. But on the eve of the convention it may be impossible to consolidate Republicans in support of any farm relief plan, however meritorious, because the friends of some candidates may try to seek advantage by keeping the issue alive.

It is too much to expect that the Republican factions will suddenly agree upon a farm relief policy. They are entering the campaign with the storm signals flying.

REDUCING COAL OUTPUT.

Overproduction has been generally recognized as the cause of the malady that has afflicted the bituminous coal industry. The problem has been how to eliminate mines for the working of which, from an economic standpoint, there was no justification, either because of lack of demand or because cost of operation prevented them from entering the market on a basis of reasonable competition.

A decided step in that direction has been taken by the Consolidation Coal Co., the stock of which is controlled by John D. Rockefeller, Jr. The Consolidation Co., which operates mines in Kentucky, Maryland, West Virginia and Pennsylvania, has announced that it intends to stop production at ten of its workings.

The announcement of the new policy accepts the facts that prices can not be further reduced nor wages lowered without disastrous consequences to the industry as a whole. It is obvious that a check in the production, which already meets the demand and more, will tend to stabilize the price of coal. It is equally patent that an increase in the number of working days will benefit labor in an industry where

it has been previously estimated that 150 days' work constituted a general annual average.

Union labor leaders have in the past stated publicly that what the industry needed was just such a step as has been taken. It may lead to a decrease in the number of men who can find employment in the coal fields. Although the Consolidation suggests that the men who are to be laid off be given consideration by other operators, it is hardly likely that room will be found for any considerable number. The fact that the coal industry has been overmanned is as unescapable as that there has been overproduction. Now if the labor leaders will help to divert the surplus labor to other employment the coal industry may be stabilized on the basis of living wages.

SNAPPING SNUFFED OUT.

The Senate's rejection of the mischievous proposal to lay bare the private affairs of citizens in connection with income tax returns meets the approval of all except such "reformers" as Norris, of Nebraska, who labors under the incurable hallucination that the Government as it is now established is all wrong.

"The world is out of joint; O, cursed spite
That ever I was born to set it right!"

It is fortunate that while Senator Norris is engaged in the laborious task of setting the world right the Senate should set him right. He might never succeed, or at best his labors will be prolonged; and for a while, like a crazy clock, he will be forced to keep correct time.

The attempt to make the Government a scandal-mongering agency by providing snoopers and blackmailers with information concerning the private affairs of citizens was an assault upon the dignity of the Government as well as an affront to the people. No more contemptible proposal was ever made by a legislator. The Senate has done well to eliminate that vicious and perverse amendment from the tax reduction bill.

BETTER FEDERAL PAY.

Congress has done its best in the midst of great affairs to give some relief to the underpaid workers in the Federal service. The bill passed yesterday carries \$20,000,000 in round numbers, which will provide a small but most welcome increase of pay to many thousand employees. President Coolidge is expected to approve the bill, as it had been modified to meet his objections, and certainly the total can not be said to be a drain upon the Treasury or a demoralization of the economy program.

If Mr. Coolidge will veto the Muscle Shoals bill he will save enough to the Treasury to warrant a real increase of Federal pay next year, without encroaching upon the revenues. A reorganization of the pay schedules should be made. The Government's personnel is entitled to just compensation and has waited long and patiently for a revision of the salary schedules. The Welch bill, giving partial and temporary relief, is an acknowledgment that full and permanent relief should be given.

PRACTICAL POLITICS.

Local circumstances frequently play a predominant part in national politics. It is not easy to separate the two. State, county and municipal issues must fit into the national picture if political lives are not to be sacrificed to the larger issues on which national campaigns are fought. This fact gives importance to the action which is now being taken in many parts of the South, and more particularly the involved and complicated battle which the Democrats of Texas have just fought out.

The surface picture of what has been going on in the Lone Star State is confusing. The Democratic State convention has expressed its desire to have Jesse H. Jones, Houston capitalist, named by the party as the presidential nominee. The delegates to the national convention are pledged to work for a dry plank in the platform. They are not bound to oppose any candidate the convention may select.

There can be no sincere conviction even in Texas that Mr. Jones will be the choice of his party. His services are appreciated. His associates owe him a debt of gratitude for getting the party's financial affairs out of the red, but that in itself is not sufficient to warrant his nomination for the Presidency. The desire for a dry plank is more easily understood.

Such a position is a necessity to those who seek public office in the State, and while the leaders recognize this they do not shut the door through which they may have to go. If Gov. Al Smith proves to be the nominee, they have, in fact, specifically refused to commit themselves in advance in opposition to his candidacy.

The position seems paradoxical, but is logical. The Texas delegation could tie to no better man than one of its own distinguished sons in the preliminary stages before it becomes apparent that the convention has made up its mind on the nomination. If, as appears certain, that choice will be Gov. Smith, the delegates will be free to join in the chorus; but through their insistence upon a dry plank in the platform they will have squared their action with the demand of their constituents.

Remembering that the majority of the men and women at the State convention were practical politicians, there was no other course for them to follow. They wished neither to repudiate the idea of Smith as the nominee nor the prohibition cause. To do the former thing would have embarrassed them in a national sense, while the latter step would have marked the end of their State careers. They, therefore, chose the middle ground, which, although slightly tortuous, is much less dangerous.

BASEBALL MAD.

Although the baseball season is barely on its way, with four-fifths of the schedule still to be played, the otherwise staid city of Philadelphia worked itself into a state of frenzy this week over the appearance of the New York Yankees for a six-game series. Reputable chroniclers of such events report that not even in the days when the Athletics were world series heroes have such scenes been witnessed. Inhabitants of the Quaker City clung from the rafters in the ball park, risked their lives by climbing a 20-foot fence, and roosted precariously to the roof of the grand stand in order to view the contests.

The four remaining months of the season may make the temporary enthusiasm of the Philadelphia rooters seem ridiculous. There

is an old baseball saw that pennants are not won in May. But it would be impossible to convince the 42,000 persons who witnessed the first double-header and the 20,000 who fought unsuccessfully for the same privilege that the fate of the Nation is more important than what took place in Shibe Park between the hours of 1 and 6.

Theoretically and actually the position of a team in the standing need not and does not govern the caliber of the game that may result when it meets an opponent. Two tall-end teams may produce results lacking when the leaders meet. More often than not the so-called "crucial" series result in poor baseball. Theories can not alter facts. Whenever such occasions arise as the one now being offered in Philadelphia the huge grand stands will not begin to accommodate the crowds. Let a team get down in the ruck and not even the few spectators who attend will exhibit the least enthusiasm over a finely played, tightly drawn game.

The question, therefore, is whether it is baseball of itself or the desire to back a winning team that generates the enthusiasm which the American public shows for the game. Circumstances indicate that the latter factor is the ruling one. If there is a way of reversing this condition, any owner with a team below third place in the league would be grateful for the information.

MUSCLE SHOALS.

The Muscle Shoals bill as passed by Congress is not the worst that could be passed, because some of its bad features were cut out in conference; but it is nearly as bad as its proponents tried to make it. It deserves the executive ax. The concessions made by its sponsors were not in interest of good legislation, but for the purpose of squeezing through all the Government ownership possible, in the hope that later on Congress might be induced to swallow the whole dose.

The senators from Tennessee made a gallant fight in defense of the rights of their State against Federal aggression. They have lost temporarily, but perhaps President Coolidge will come to their rescue. If not, they live to fight another day; and as the public comes to understand better the trend of this legislation the Tennesseans will receive popular support that can not be overturned or ignored.

Notwithstanding the aberrations of this Congress, the American people are opposed to inroads upon their rights. They will keep the field of private business as their own, and will thrust the Government back into its proper place when they realize that communism and Americanism can not exist in the same country.

PARACHUTES FOR PLANES.

For several months rumors have drifted eastward from California that Walter T. Varney, pioneer flier and operator of a Government air mail contract, was about to equip his machine with giant parachutes by which they might drift gently to earth in the event of an accident. A day or so ago the first public demonstration of the new safety device was made, and its success has been hailed by the aviation world in general. The parachute weighs but 50 pounds, and can be attached, according to its inventor, Charles Broderick, to any plane. It is pulled from its container by a tiny pilot parachute that is released by the pull of a cord should the plane become disabled in midair.

The device was tested by E. J. McKeon in an old Jenny type Army plane. At an altitude of 4,000 feet he shut off his engine, released the controls, and pulled the cord that expelled the pilot parachute. For 2,000 feet the airplane shot earthward at terrific speed, with the pilot parachute tugging at the master parachute. At 1,500 feet the folds of the master parachute caught the wind, the plane righted itself, stopped its dizzying descent, and wafted to earth so gently that the pilot was not even jarred. Minor damage was done to the tail surfaces, but it was of such nature that repair was simple.

Mr. Varney has announced that all planes utilized in instruction henceforward will be equipped with the device, and that later on it will be installed on mail and passenger planes. "It means," he says, "absolute safety for passengers of every type and size."

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The Broderick parachute appears to have earned a place beside the Handley-Page slotting wing in recent safety developments. Both provide a means of bringing a ship to earth safely should emergency arise. Radically different principles are involved in the two devices, for the slotting wing provides merely a means of preventing the dangerous tail spins that result from "stalls," but the plane equipped with either is fundamentally safer than one unequipped. The Broderick chute and the Handley-Page slotting wing installed together should make a plane as safe as an ocean liner.

SHORT WAVE LENGTHS.

Recent developments have brought the once-despised short radio wave into popularity. Early development of radio confined its attention to the longer waves, and it was not until the long wave spectrum became congested that experimenters turned to the lower bands. It was soon discovered that the short waves were in some respects more valuable than the long waves, and there developed presently a wild scramble to obtain exclusive right to certain of them. The Federal Radio Commission fortunately had been created in the meantime, empowered by law to regulate these waves as well as those upon which program broadcasting is conducted.

The commission conducted hearings to guide it in allocating the short waves. It was brought out that only 710 short wave channels are available to the entire world, and that 412 of them are already in use. Naval communications authorities took the position that no more than half of the 298 waves remaining free should be assigned, lest world-wide interference be created. Acting upon this recommendation, the commission has allocated but 74 short wave channels, of which 20 were granted to the American publishers' committee. Commercial companies received the remaining 54.

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Newspaper publishers are entering no new field. For six years those maintaining foreign correspondents have been filing dispatches through the government stations at Leafords, England, and Elstel Tower, Paris, to be received in their privately maintained station in Newfoundland, whence they are distributed over commercial lines. Control of short waves indicates only that the existing system is to be expanded.

The four remaining months of the season may make the temporary enthusiasm of the Philadelphia rooters seem ridiculous. There



Rehearsing for the Big Play Back Home.

PRESS COMMENT.

An' Many Golfers.
Atchison Globe: Hope and not fish makes most fishermen.

Which Is Something.
Peoria Star: Favorite sons prove nothing, except that you can't trust the judgment of parents.

Prepare to Shed Tears.
St. Louis Globe-Democrat: We hear the "ai" will soon be extinct. Does that end the crossword puzzle?

But It Won't.
Indianapolis Star: The continuing brevity of women's skirts might well set a needed style for the ball.

Why Do They?
Indianapolis News: A London physician says that women keep warm enough in thin clothes, but that isn't why they wear 'em.

But the Others Continue.
Des Moines Register: When Senator Borah's refunding plan failed, the first comedy sketch of the 1928 campaign came to an end.

A Scrappy Couple.
Boston Transcript: Texas Republicans split into two factions at their convention, which serves as reminder that there are Texas Republicans.

Unrest in America.
Jacksonville Times-Herald: There is a great movement on foot in America at this time. It consists of trying to get from first base to the home sack.

Chance For Record Breakers.
Detroit News: A new airplane is equipped with a cable car. The next sensational aviation feat will be to complete a loop without spilling the pegs out of the cribbage board.

The Secret's Out.
Springfield Union: "How Dry Is Your?" asks a newspaper headline. This may be quaintly answered by asking, "How deep is a hole?" or "What is the price of an automobile?"

Fraud and a Fake.
Louisville Times: Once upon a time there was a bore who always carefully watched the face of a listener, and when it betrayed signs of weariness, immediately ceased talking.

Trouble Ahead.
Rochester Democrat and Chronicle: It might be well to remember that the gas attack which overcame all those German people came immediately after a hard fought election campaign.

Six Bucks Wasted.
Minneapolis Journal: Senator Norris reported his expenditures in his presidential efforts at \$6. It would look to the innocent bystander as though this money was wasted, and \$6 is \$6.

Right Now, Anyway.
St. Louis Post Dispatch: Politics is also a science, so we presume it is O.K. to say that the scientist's statement that the earthworm is the farmer's best friend is being hotly disputed by several other scientists.

Theory Fine, But Doesn't Work.
Houston Post Dispatch: If the League of Nations can do nothing in the present China-Japan case it is not because the theory of the league is wrong, but because it has been driven to a clandestine conference.

Newspaper publishers are entering no new field. For six years those maintaining foreign correspondents have been filing dispatches through the government stations at Leafords, England, and Elstel Tower, Paris, to be received in their privately maintained station in Newfoundland, whence they are distributed over commercial lines. Control of short waves indicates only that the existing system is to be expanded.

The Movie Melting Pot.
New Bedford Standard: The cast of a photoplay entitled "We Americans" includes Beryl Mercer, English, playing the Jewish mother; George Lewis, Spanish, playing the Jewish boy; Fatsy Ruth Miller, American, playing the Jewish girl; Albert Gran, Norwegian, playing the German father.

Radical George Moses.
Baltimore Sun: At a recent meeting in Paris, Charles A. McCurdy, former food controller of England, made a strong plea for adoption of Secretary Kellogg's plan to outlaw war. And in the course of his talk he urged that

SCHWAB SEES NEED TO END CROSS HAUL IN STEEL INDUSTRY

Each Manufacturer Should Meet Regional Demand, Institute Is Told.

PAY CUT OR PRICE RISE CALLED ALTERNATIVES

Pittsburgh and Chicago Sales in Each Other's District Are Criticized.

New York, May 25 (A.P.)—Elimination of cross hauling, or unnecessary transportation, would effect desired economies for the steel industry and obviate the necessity of cutting wages or increasing prices, President Charles M. Schwab told the American Iron and Steel Institute at its semiannual meeting today.

He recommended that the institute constitute a committee of expert steel men to study the problem and frankly place before the public and the proper public authorities a constructive plan making clear the need for the government's knowledge and possibly government supervision of such measures as would be advisable.

Explaining that the industry's return of approximately 5 per cent upon its \$500,000,000 in sales is "not inadequate, but the lowest in any of the principal manufacturing industries," Mr. Schwab declared that such a low margin of profit is not conducive to sustained national prosperity. Reductions of costs and increase in prices were cited as the best possible remedies, but belief was expressed that the industry already had gone to the limit in reducing production costs.

Wage Cuts Undesirable.

Wage cuts were held to be undesirable by the industry, but, according to the industry and fair from the customers' viewpoint, he said, might be avoided by eliminating waste due to distribution, thus finding another solution of the problem of obtaining adequate returns.

Mr. Schwab pointed out that when a Chicago steel manufacturer ships 100,000 tons of steel to Pittsburgh at a time when a Pittsburgh manufacturer is shipping a like quantity to Chicago, sales must be made at prices prevailing in the city where the steel is made. Consequently, price increases to the manufacturer than if the Chicago manufacturer had supplied the Chicago market and the Pittsburgh manufacturer the Pittsburgh market.

Hunger for tonnage and desire to expand its market, "are the mainstays of the industry," he held, "or the chief cause of cross hauling, resulting only in dissipation of profits through unnecessary transportation since cross hauling does not, by any appreciable amount, increase the output of individual producers."

Better Business Than in 1927.

Turning to business conditions, Mr. Schwab said, "America is enjoying an amazing period of prosperity, with the predominance in business, as in a presidential year, usually brings less manifested than in other years of political uncertainty. Seasonal conditions were viewed as favorable with every justification for expecting a volume of business greater than in 1927."

The institute adopted the proposal of Mr. Schwab that it annually award a gold and a bronze medal, both to be known as Elbert H. Gary medals, in honor of the late chairman of the board of the United States Steel Corporation.

The gold medal will be awarded to the man the institute decides has done the most for the industry in a manner similar to the annual award of the British Iron and Steel Institute. The bronze medal will be for the best technical paper on conditions in the industry.

TRACTION MERGER INQUIRY IS VOTED

CONTINUED FROM PAGE 1.

had charged that the company is out to make a "clean-up" on the merger.

William McK. Clayton, chairman of the public utilities committee of the Federation of Citizen Associations, stated to the committee that he had published statements of John W. Chapman, chairman of the Public Utilities Commission, who, anticipating an application by the Capital Traction Co. for permission to increase street car fares, said that the commission is under court order to hold the 1928 fare valuation of the car company's plant and also that the Potomac Electric Power Co. is permitted by the court to earn 7½ per cent on value and the same return can not be denied the car companies.

"In these published statements," said Clayton, "the chairman of the commission comes very close, if he does not altogether, disbelieve himself to sit as a member of the commission in the expected proceeding. There is no such order of the court compelling the commission to accept present value in fixing a new rate."

The Potomac Electric Power Co. was compromised by agreement between the two car companies and the company. The court had nothing to do with it except to approve the agreement between the parties. This agreement will stand only so long as the commission permits it to stand, and as a result the car companies will stand and has been earning considerably more than 7½ per cent rate of return. So it becomes the duty of the commission, if it considers 7½ per cent a fair rate, to sit in the car companies and to do what is necessary to that effect.

The commission has always insisted that it represents the public, but if the chairman continues as radically procorporation as his statements indicate, the public must look elsewhere for representation and protection."

Megan Lloyd George Is Commons Nominee

Llangefni, Anglesey, Wales, May 25 (A.P.)—Stormy scenes marked the first political success of Miss Megan Lloyd George yesterday, but today the 25-year-old daughter of former Prime Minister David Lloyd George sat beside her father in the House of Commons as the Liberal member from the Anglesey division.

Local differences among the Liberal electors led to a noisy scene when they met to choose their candidates for the seat. There were three candidates—Miss Lloyd George, Ellis W. Roberts and Col. Lawrence Williams. Megan got 323 votes to the colonel's 14, while Mr. Roberts got 245.

Man and Six Children Die in Fire.

Wellington, N. Z., May 25.—Alfred Wooller, a settler, and five children, aged from 6 to 13 and another boy, 13, were burned to death in his farmhouse near Hawera.

CONGRESS SENDS PAY RAISE BILL TO PRESIDENT COOLIDGE

CONTINUED FROM PAGE 1.

the postal pay raise bill over his veto, and he declared that the House would have approved the Senate bill if it had been given the chance.

Senate Veto Danger.

"Hark ye, gentlemen," he cried, "the House conferses, watchful of the Treasury, wouldn't agree to give the poor old charwoman 10 cents more an hour, but insisted on cutting it down to 5 cents an hour."

He declared that the President never would have vetoed the bill if the chairman's name had been left in.

In conclusion, Womrund announced that he was going to vote against the bill, even though he knew he would be the only member who would do so.

After his speech, Senator George F. Leibhardt (Republican) of New Jersey, chairman of the civil service committee, moved that the report be adopted.

A thunderous chorus of "ayes" arose, concluding, drowning out Womrund's "no."

The Senate acted on the bill shortly after the Muscle Shoals filibuster had been broken and the tax reduction bill was out of the way. The motion to approve the report on the bill was made by Senator Brookhart (Republican) of Iowa.

Explained by Brookhart.

In response to Senator Dill, Senator Brookhart explained the compromise reached by the conferees.

"In the House bill, in about half of the grades," he said, "they crowded in five steps, cutting off the two lower ones. The Senate added two at the top, making seven steps, so as to give the 10 cents more an hour. Out of all of those we were compelled to reduce one half, one step that we put on the top. That gives everybody two steps up in advance, except the last one, who gets only one step up."

"In the rest of the grades, the House had advanced them 5 cents, so we put on one step at the top. We were compelled to take off that step, so that those grades everybody will get one step advance, except the one at the top, who gets no advance."

The Senate bill advanced them 5 cents more an hour. We advanced them 5 cents more. We were compelled to give up those advances."

"I will say that I regretted that more than any other part we had to give up, because I feel that those people are entitled to it."

However, they get an advance of 10 cents a month under the House bill."

Increases for Poorly-Paid.

Dill said the only thing he was concerned about was whether the poorly-paid employees would get substantial increases.

"They all get substantial increase,

LEGAL RECORD

FRIDAY, MAY 25, 1928.

COURT OF APPEALS.

No session. Adjourmed from day to day.

DISTRICT SUPERIOR COURT

CIRCUIT COURT—Mr. Justice Wendell P. Strode presiding. Fred J. O'Connell, clerk.

No. 70002. —Plaintiff A. King vs. Ninah L. King: rule discharge. Atty. Jean M. Boudreau.

No. 70009. —Marr E. Kennedy vs. William P. Kennedy: re change of name of William P. Kennedy. Atty. John F. Lasker appointed guardian ad litem. Atty. V. C. Goff.

No. 70016. —Plaintiff R. H. McNeill vs. W. H. McNeill, deft. atty. Vandoren, Rafferty & Rogers.

No. 70267. —John C. Johnson vs. Sarah Hedges: rule discharge. Atty. W. D. A. Hedges.

No. 70300. —Plaintiff P. J. O'Donnough vs. D. W. O'Donnough: W. M. Doyle, deft. atty.

No. 70318. —Joseph A. Kline vs. D. M. Dunn: order judgment against defendant. Atty. Lewis J. Cohen for \$4,325, with interest.

No. 70493. —Wm. W. McLane vs. Ethel C. D. Dugan: rule discharge. Atty. W. W. Dugan, deft. atty. R. J. Whiteford. H. S. Barrister: deft. atty. W. D. Dugan.

No. 70519. —Plaintiff R. H. McNeill vs. William P. Wendell: order judgment against defendant. Atty. C. H. R. McNeill, deft. atty. W. D. A. Hedges.

No. 70611. —Plaintiff Ernest Kahn vs. Frank P. Kellogg: rule discharge. Atty. Frank P. Kellogg.

No. 70719. —McCoy Von Kester Co. vs. Arthur C. D. Dugan: order judgment against defendant overruled; ten days to file answer.

No. 70720. —Plaintiff A. H. McNeill vs. G. L. W. McNeill: rule discharge. Atty. W. D. A. Hedges.

No. 70729. —C. L. Wold Co. vs. Curtis D. Wilbur: defendant, denumer to respondent's answer. Atty. C. L. Wold, deft. atty.

No. 70730. —Plaintiff P. J. O'Donnough vs. D. W. O'Donnough: order judgment overruled; ten days to file answer.

No. 70731. —Plaintiff J. J. English vs. defendant, denumer to amended defendant's answer. Atty. J. J. English, deft. atty.

No. 70732. —Plaintiff R. H. McNeill vs. W. D. A. Hedges: rule discharge. Atty. W. D. A. Hedges.

No. 70733. —Plaintiff P. J. O'Donnough vs. D. W. O'Donnough: order judgment overruled; ten days to file answer.

No. 70734. —Plaintiff R. H. McNeill vs. W. D. A. Hedges: rule discharge. Atty. W. D. A. Hedges.

No. 70735. —Plaintiff R. H. McNeill vs. W. D. A. Hedges: rule discharge. Atty. W. D. A. Hedges.

No. 70736. —Plaintiff A. H. McNeill vs. G. L. W. McNeill: rule discharge. Atty. W. D. A. Hedges.

No. 70737. —Plaintiff R. H. McNeill vs. W. D. A. Hedges: rule discharge. Atty. W. D. A. Hedges.

No. 70738. —Plaintiff R. H. McNeill vs. W. D. A. Hedges: rule discharge. Atty. W. D. A. Hedges.

No. 70739. —Plaintiff R. H. McNeill vs. W. D. A. Hedges: rule discharge. Atty. W. D. A. Hedges.

No. 70740. —Plaintiff R. H. McNeill vs. W. D. A. Hedges: rule discharge. Atty. W. D. A. Hedges.

No. 70741. —Plaintiff R. H. McNeill vs. W. D. A. Hedges: rule discharge. Atty. W. D. A. Hedges.

No. 70742. —Plaintiff R. H. McNeill vs. W. D. A. Hedges: rule discharge. Atty. W. D. A. Hedges.

No. 70743. —Plaintiff R. H. McNeill vs. W. D. A. Hedges: rule discharge. Atty. W. D. A. Hedges.

No. 70744. —Plaintiff R. H. McNeill vs. W. D. A. Hedges: rule discharge. Atty. W. D. A. Hedges.

No. 70745. —Plaintiff R. H. McNeill vs. W. D. A. Hedges: rule discharge. Atty. W. D. A. Hedges.

No. 70746. —Plaintiff R. H. McNeill vs. W. D. A. Hedges: rule discharge. Atty. W. D. A. Hedges.

No. 70747. —Plaintiff R. H. McNeill vs. W. D. A. Hedges: rule discharge. Atty. W. D. A. Hedges.

No. 70748. —Plaintiff R. H. McNeill vs. W. D. A. Hedges: rule discharge. Atty. W. D. A. Hedges.

No. 70749. —Plaintiff R. H. McNeill vs. W. D. A. Hedges: rule discharge. Atty. W. D. A. Hedges.

No. 70750. —Plaintiff R. H. McNeill vs. W. D. A. Hedges: rule discharge. Atty. W. D. A. Hedges.

No. 70751. —Plaintiff R. H. McNeill vs. W. D. A. Hedges: rule discharge. Atty. W. D. A. Hedges.

No. 70752. —Plaintiff R. H. McNeill vs. W. D. A. Hedges: rule discharge. Atty. W. D. A. Hedges.

No. 70753. —Plaintiff R. H. McNeill vs. W. D. A. Hedges: rule discharge. Atty. W. D. A. Hedges.

No. 70754. —Plaintiff R. H. McNeill vs. W. D. A. Hedges: rule discharge. Atty. W. D. A. Hedges.

No. 70755. —Plaintiff R. H. McNeill vs. W. D. A. Hedges: rule discharge. Atty. W. D. A. Hedges.

No. 70756. —Plaintiff R. H. McNeill vs. W. D. A. Hedges: rule discharge. Atty. W. D. A. Hedges.

No. 70757. —Plaintiff R. H. McNeill vs. W. D. A. Hedges: rule discharge. Atty. W. D. A. Hedges.

No. 70758. —Plaintiff R. H. McNeill vs. W. D. A. Hedges: rule discharge. Atty. W. D. A. Hedges.

No. 70759. —Plaintiff R. H. McNeill vs. W. D. A. Hedges: rule discharge. Atty. W. D. A. Hedges.

No. 70760. —Plaintiff R. H. McNeill vs. W. D. A. Hedges: rule discharge. Atty. W. D. A. Hedges.

No. 70761. —Plaintiff R. H. McNeill vs. W. D. A. Hedges: rule discharge. Atty. W. D. A. Hedges.

No. 70762. —Plaintiff R. H. McNeill vs. W. D. A. Hedges: rule discharge. Atty. W. D. A. Hedges.

No. 70763. —Plaintiff R. H. McNeill vs. W. D. A. Hedges: rule discharge. Atty. W. D. A. Hedges.

No. 70764. —Plaintiff R. H. McNeill vs. W. D. A. Hedges: rule discharge. Atty. W. D. A. Hedges.

No. 70765. —Plaintiff R. H. McNeill vs. W. D. A. Hedges: rule discharge. Atty. W. D. A. Hedges.

No. 70766. —Plaintiff R. H. McNeill vs. W. D. A. Hedges: rule discharge. Atty. W. D. A. Hedges.

No. 70767. —Plaintiff R. H. McNeill vs. W. D. A. Hedges: rule discharge. Atty. W. D. A. Hedges.

No. 70768. —Plaintiff R. H. McNeill vs. W. D. A. Hedges: rule discharge. Atty. W. D. A. Hedges.

No. 70769. —Plaintiff R. H. McNeill vs. W. D. A. Hedges: rule discharge. Atty. W. D. A. Hedges.

No. 707

Congress Ball Game GOING ON RADIO TODAY

WRC Will Broadcast Battle of
Republicans and Demo-
crats at 3 o'clock.

LANDIS SPEAKER TONIGHT

A radio hook-up will be linked with 8:15 to 10 o'clock tonight to broadcast the speeches of the seven district winners in the national finals to select America's champion in the International Oratorical Contest this fall. Herbert Hoover, Secretary of Commerce, will speak and Reinhard Werenrath, baritone, will sing. There will be music by the United States Marine Band. The rest of the program will be devoted to addresses by the seven contestants.

One of the seven will be chosen to represent the United States against the champion of each of the other seven other nations at the international finals in Washington October 13.

The biennial congressional world series baseball game between Republicans and Democrats will be held at the American League park this afternoon, will be broadcast by Station WRC. Thornton Fisher, sports announcer, and John E. Daniel, WRC announcer, will describe the game for the radio audience. Microphones will be installed just behind home plate. Every detail of the game will go on the air.

Representative Clyde Kelly, of Pennsylvania, will captain the Republicans and Representative Thomas Morris of South Carolina, will head the Democratic aggregation. President Coolidge will toss out the first ball.

The United States Marine Band will give a 10 o'clock concert at 8:15 o'clock. The proceeds of the game will be added to the building fund of the Congressional Club.

Judge Kenesaw M. Landis, czar of baseball; John A. Heyder, president of the American League; and George S. Johnson, president of the American League, will be speakers in the annual celebration of baseball day in Hartford, Conn. The parade of 7,000 schoolboys, all in baseball uniforms, marching to the music of a dozen bands, is scheduled to get under way shortly after 7 o'clock out time. Station WEAF, with Graham McNamee at the microphone, will broadcast the event.

Identical table decoration for both formal and informal affairs and also several of the most-prized Cuban recipes will be given over WRC this morning at 10 o'clock by Mme. Ferrara, wife of the Cuban Ambassador to the United States.

The United States Navy Band, under the direction of Lieut. Charles Bentler, will broadcast a concert at 7 o'clock. A lullaby composed by Ethelbert Nevin, an American writer, will be played by the orchestra, conducted by Ludwig Lauter, during the slumber music at 10 o'clock.

Les Colvin and his Columbias will broadcast a program of dance music from WMAL at 7:30 o'clock. Records by Frank McNamee, of his Hotel McNamee orchestra will be heard during the Brunswick Saturday Nighters' program at 9:30 o'clock.

A program of request numbers will be played from WRHF at 8:35 o'clock tonight.

RADIO

LOCAL STATIONS.
ESTATE STANDARD TIME.
NAA-Arlington.
(435 Meters, 1,250 Kilocycles.)

10:05 a. m.—3:45 and 10:05 p. m.—
Weather reports.

WMAL—Radio Forum.
(211 Meters, 1,000 Kilocycles.)

8:30 p. m.—Thirty Club Forum.

7:15 p. m.—M. C. Colvin and his Column.

8:30 p. m.—Correct Times.

8:30 p. m.—Workers' Compensation Insurance.

8:30 p. m.—Phil Hayden and Les Colvin.

8:30 p. m.—The Harvey Strong Trio.

8:30 p. m.—Gertrude Brooks Trumbull, in original transcriptions of popular songs.

8:30 p. m.—Mabel Sherman, popular singer.

8:30 p. m.—Brunswick Saturday Nighters.

WRC—Radio Corp. of America.
(440 Meters, 1,250 Kilocycles.)

8:15 a. m.—Tutor Health exercises.

8:15 a. m.—Parnassus Trio.

8:15 a. m.—G. C. Miller.

8:15 a. m.—Formal Luncheon and Dinner Decorations.

8:15 a. m.—Mme. Ferrara, wife of the Cuban Ambassador.

8:15 a. m.—Radio Household Institute.

8:15 a. m.—M. C. Colvin and his Column.

8:15 a. m.—Kiddie Kooking Club.

8:15 a. m.—Howell Wallace Trio.

8:15 a. m.—Waldorf-Astoria Orchestra.

8:30 p. m.—The Marionettes.

8:30 p. m.—Motion Picture guide.

8:30 p. m.—Baseball scores.

8:30 p. m.—Sports.

8:30 p. m.—"The Wicked Husbandman," by David Hodge, member of Congress from Indiana.

8:30 p. m.—Keystone Duo.

8:30 p. m.—Orchestra.

10 p. m.—Dance program by the Marylanders.

KDKA—Newark.

(316 Meters, 940 Kilocycles.)

8:15 p. m.—Little Symphony Orchestra.

8:30 p. m.—Charles Bentler, conductor.

8:30 p. m.—Vincent Lopez and his orchestra.

9:15 p. m.—U. S. Navy Band.

9:15 p. m.—Musicals.

9:15 p. m.—W. J. Z.

8:45 p. m.—String quartet.

8:45 p. m.—"The Detroiters" orchestra.

10:05 p. m.—The Detroiters Orchestra.

KFPI—Los Angeles.

KGO—Oakland.

KGW—Portland, Ore.

KHOM—Honolulu.

KOAB—Denver.

KOCA—Dallas.

KOFO—San Francisco.

KOJ—Los Angeles.

KOQ—Portland.

KQW—Chicago.

KWBT—Dallas.

KWBZ—Springfield.

KWCC—Minneapolis.

KWCH—Topeka.

KWCH—Chicago.

KWCH—Des Moines.

KWCH—Buffalo.

KWCH—Milwaukee.

KWCH—Schenectady.

KWCH—Albany.

KWCH—Philadelphia.

KWCH—St. Louis.

KWCH—Mooschau.

KWCH—Philadelphia.

KWCH—Cincinnati.

KWCH—New York.

KWCH—Miami Beach.

KWCH—Memphis.

KWCH—Davenport.

KWCH—Boston.

KWCH—Washington Park Hotel.

KWCH—American Broadcasting Co.

(322 Meters, 940 Kilocycles.)

10 a. m.—Household talk.

11 a. m.—Lost and found.

11 a. m.—Music.

2 p. m.—Baseball game, Washington at Boston.

2 p. m.—"The Town Crier."

6 p. m.—Victor dinner concert.

6:30 p. m.—Program consisting of request numbers.

DISTANT STATIONS.
(Eastern Standard Time.)

WBAL—Baltimore.

8:30 p. m.—Dinner music.

7:30 p. m.—Jubilee singers, Clarence Johnson, conductor.

8:30 p. m.—Concert by Knights of Columbus choir.

Hostess to Women's Club



MRS. PETER GOOLEY GERRY,
Wife of Senator Gerry, who will entertain this evening for the members of the Women's National Press Club.

SOCIETY EVENTS

CONTINUED FROM PAGE 7.

were the guests in whose honor Miss Elizabeth Young and Miss Jane Young entertained at luncheon yesterday at the Willard. There were 70 guests.

Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Southerland, of Long Island, N. Y., have arrived at the Carlton for a stay of a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert L. Hopkins, of Chicago, are also at the Carlton.

Mrs. A. M. Bell, of Hampton, Va., who is staying at the Grace Dodge Hotel for a few days' visit and is accompanied by Dr. Eleanor A. Campbell, of New York.

Mrs. George L. Walter, Jr., has been with her at the Carlton, accompanied by Mrs. Robert Hamilton, also of Philadelphia.

Mrs. Clarence Leigh Moyer, of Philadelphia, is at the Carlton, accompanied by Mr. Robert Hamilton, also of Philadelphia.

The home of Miss Emma T. Hahn, Bonnie Brae, at 6030 Dimmick road in Rock Creek Park, was open today with a special tea for the Zonta Club, who will be an organ grinder, is in charge of the arrangements.

Miss May Moyer has the bridge tables; Miss Ida Steger the delicates table, where one can buy home cooked foods at reasonable rates. Miss Esther Gude will have the fancy work table, where beautiful handmade articles will be for sale. Mrs. Emily Dickinson will preside over the tea table and Miss Mary A. Lindaley, the costume jewelry. Mrs. Harriet Howe will tell fortunes and Miss Betsy Humphrey will have a card game. Mrs. Lucia Hendry will manage the suit case race. Hot dogs, sandwiches, ice cream cones, popcorn, peanuts and other light refreshments will be available.

At each Bonne Brae, enter Rock Creek Park on Military road either from Sixteenth street or Connecticut avenue and turn north on Daniels road. Bonnie Brae is about 1 mile north of Daniels road.

Automobiles will meet the bus at Sixteenth and Kennedy streets every 15 minutes.

New York Society.

New York, May 25.—Mr. Leonardo Vitteti, Secretary at the Italian Embassy, has joined the Italian Ambassador, Giacomo de Martino, at the Ambassador's residence.

Mr. John C. Boyd, widow of Admiral Boyd, is at the St. Regis from Washington.

For tickets and further information apply Ticket Agents, 1510 H Street N.W., or Union station.

First class coaches, parlor car. No baggage checked. Children under 12 half fare.

For tickets and further information apply Ticket Agents, 1510 H Street N.W., or Union station.

Jack Frost Ginger Ale.

Budweiser.

Schlitz.

White Rock Sparkling Water.

Mavis Choc. Drink (deposit) Soda Water.

Large 24-oz. Bottle Ginger Ale.

Rock Creek Brand 3 Bots. for 25c Deposit and Rebate

Small Tin .5c

COCA COLA

—In Cartons—

6 bots. for 25c Usual Deposit and Rebate

Jack Frost Ginger Ale.

Budweiser.

Schlitz.

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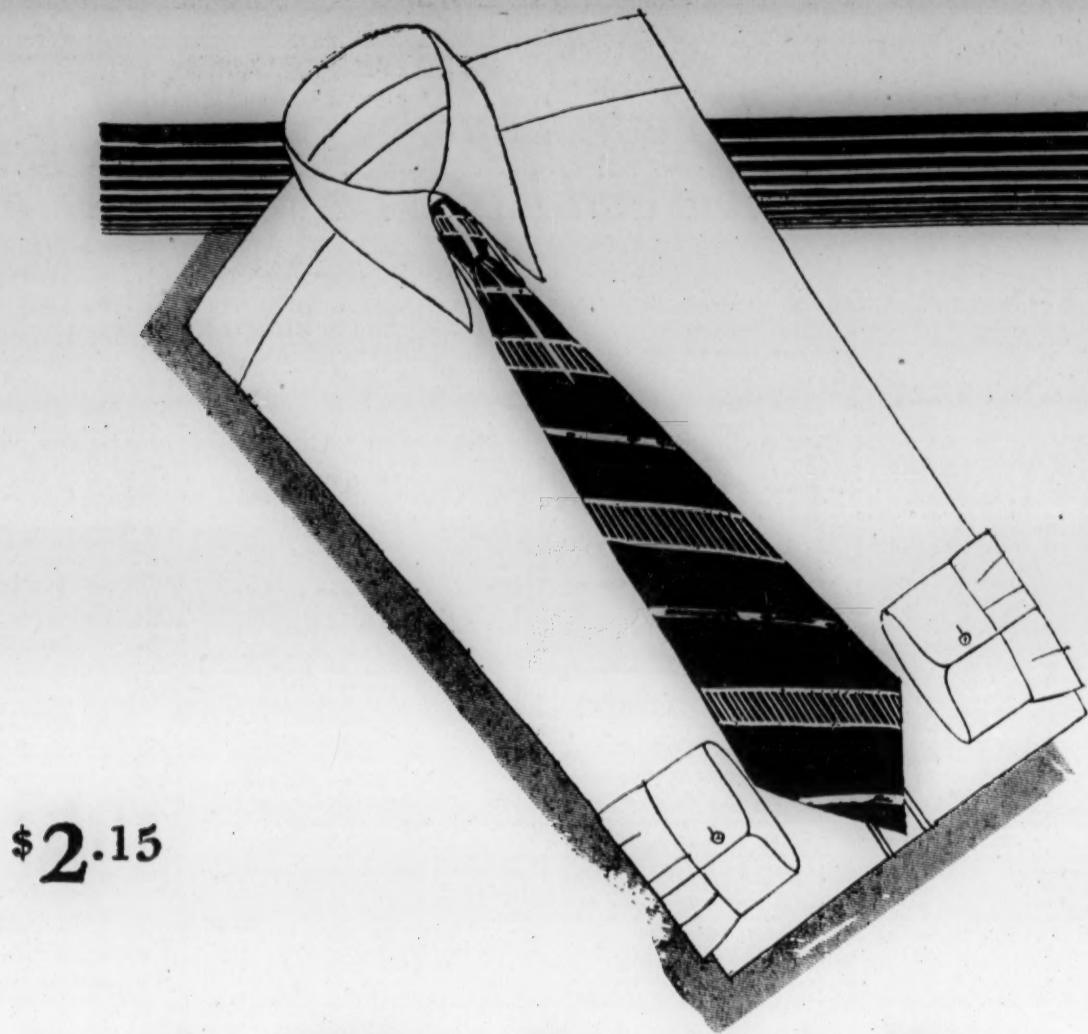
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COCA COLA

—In Cartons—

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Jack Frost Ginger Ale.</



\$2.15

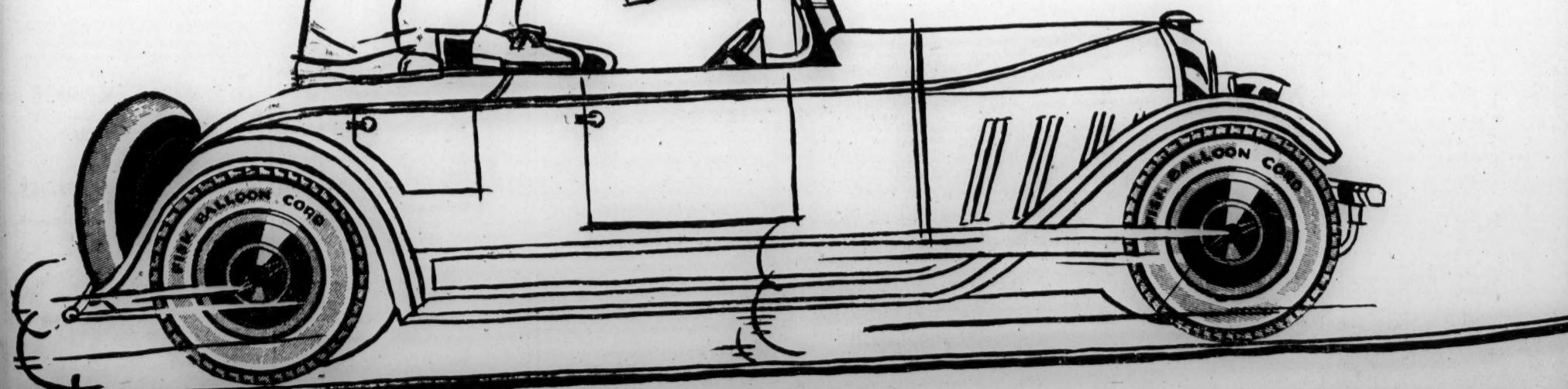
for this White Broadcloth Shirt
by **MANHATTAN**

The fabric is white English broadcloth—every man knows what that means. Each shirt bears the Manhattan label. Every man knows what that means. And you have a choice of neck-band or collar-attached styles, with sizes and sleeve-lengths for all.

Main Floor, The Hecht Co.



Sport Shop—Main Floor.



"This Is Our Big Year!"

THE HECHT CO.

**Take Away at Least
One Palm Beach Suit**

It's a guarantee of a good time, because it assures comfort with an immaculate appearance. New Sheldon models for hot-weather wear, replete with all the style features that have made Sheldon a household word in Washington. And tailored in the new 1928 patterns of Palm Beach Cloth—both light and dark. Really smart looking fabrics that hold a crease as firmly and precisely as the heavier, warmer fabrics. In a full range of sizes—or we'll alter it to fit you in time for the holiday.

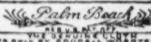
\$16.50

Other Hot Weather Suits,
\$15 to \$40

Men's Shops, Second Floor.



When buying your Palm Beach Suits—remember that some stores go in for the best in tailoring—and some for the least in price. In both cases, you get what you pay for!


Look for this Label

THE HECHT CO.

"This Is Our Big Year!"

**For a Carefree Holiday Trip
Retire with Fisks—**

And you'll retire from all worries and thoughts of any possible tire troubles. Thousands of motorists all over this country—Europe as well—know this. That's why more and more Washington motorists are buying Fisk Tires here and charging them to their regular account.

Guaranteed for 12,000 Miles

	Regulars	Tubes	Balloons	Tubes
30x3½	:	:	\$8.95	\$2.25
31x4	:	:	\$15.95	\$3.00
32x4	:	:	\$16.45	\$3.25
33x4	:	:	\$17.45	\$3.50
32x4½	:	:	\$24.45	\$3.75

Other sizes priced proportionately.

**Fandango Auto
Seat Covers**

\$4.95 to \$12.95

The new 1928 models which slip on so easily over your upholstery without any need of removing the hardware. In stunning color combinations for all makes of cars—priced according to the style of your car.

Sport Shop, Main Floor.

C. T. JESSE ELECTED TO HEAD ARLINGTON COUNTY BAR GROUP

Officers Named and Committee Appointed at Meeting in Clarendon.

SUIT FOR CONDEMNATION OF OIL LAND DISMISSED

Vienna Citizens Favor Issue in Launching Campaign for Better Roads.

ARLINGTON COUNTY BUREAU OF THE POST, Tel. Clar. 509, Clarendon, Va. Charles T. Jesse, former member of the general assembly of Virginia, was elected president of the Arlington County Bar Association at a special meeting held in Clarendon yesterday. Other members elected were Amos C. Gunning, vice president; Claude O. Thomas, treasurer, and W. Thomas French, secretary.

The following committee appointments were announced by the president: Gravance committee—Judge E. T. Prentiss, chairman; H. H. Smith, Bucker, and H. D. Dugay; law and legislative committee—Walter J. Varney, chairman; State Senator Frank L. Ball, and Hugh Reid, Arlington County's representative in the house of delegates.

The executive committee will be composed of Charles T. Jesse, B. M. French, Amos C. Gunning, Claude O. Thomas, and W. Thomas French.

The association voted to hold a luncheon meeting the first Monday of each month.

The board of supervisors, at its meeting yesterday at the courthouse, upon the recommendations of Commonwealth engineer William C. Cloth, ordered the condemnation proceedings dismissed which some months ago were instituted against the Republic Oil Company at Rosslyn.

The suit was to acquire land to widen the highway at the curve in Rosslyn, but included the condemnation of some much more extensive improvements to their plant at that point, the proceedings are now not necessary.

The ordinance which the board of supervisors passed at a recent meeting regarding the parking of automobiles will be tested in the courts, as it has been approved by the circuit court and is now a law. Special parking areas will be erected where fire hydrants are located and the parking ordinance will be enforced.

The board received the report of the county engineer, L. C. Kinner, on the valuation of the Clarendon Sewerage Corporation, which he gave at \$33,021.29, and the Aurora Heights Sanitary Corporation at \$5,622.49, voted that each corporation shall at the next meeting of the board give a list of all claims against them.

Both corporations have asked the board of supervisors to take over their sewer lines as a county project, it is expected at the next meeting of the board such action will be taken.

The election of Charles E. Gage as councilman for the Third Ward at a meeting of the council of the town of Falls Church, which was set for May 10, ending the contest that has continued for many months.

As this election meets with the approval of the Great Falls Street Civic Association, the councilman is assured that the action which the association has authorized Townsend Mar to take against the town elected officials and the town council will be abandoned.

Vienna citizens met in the town hall Thursday night for the purpose of discussing ways and means for inaugurating a campaign for better roads, voted to ready a road bond issue.

A committee to contact L. L. Free, Dr. Joseph B. James, M. Willey, M. Willey, M. O. Bradford, Alton Money, William West, and Ray D. Brown, was appointed, which will name streets to be improved, and some estimates on cost of materials to be used.

The committee will meet with the town council Monday night, when the plan will be outlined.

According to announcements from Arlington County Health Department, beginning June 1, the annual change of hours for conducting the several county clinics will be in the morning, from 9:30 to 12 o'clock. Instead of in the afternoon, this change will be effective June 1.

Services to the Chippewa Methodist Church tomorrow will be conducted by the pastor, the Rev. Fred Holloway. At the morning service his text will be "Visions." In the evening he will preach on "Great Men of the Bible."

Officers Elected By Canadian Club

D. J. Gibson was elected president of the Canadian Club of Washington at the annual meeting held last night at the Stoneleigh Courts. He succeeds Dr. E. N. C. Barnes.

Other officers elected were: J. Farnsworth, first vice president; Dr. G. V. Simpson, second vice president; Colin H. Livingston, third vice president; A. E. Landry, fourth vice president; and Edward Albion, fifth vice president; Dr. Cyrus W. Culver, recording secretary; Dr. J. B. Edmundson, corresponding secretary; Dr. W. H. Ross, treasurer; and M. A. Trenham.

Mrs. R. S. Stahl, R. J. Sime, Mrs. J. H. Spaulding and E. Jackson, members of the board of governors. Following the business meeting the members danced and had refreshments.

Tanaka's Resignation Is Demanded in Tokyo

TOKYO, May 26 (A.P.)—Demands for the resignation of Premier Tanaka were voiced today by many peers and members of the diet as a result of the disclosure of the nomination of Kenjiro Mizuno as minister of education. The resignation apparently was the result of the premier's taking offense because Mizuno let it be known that the emperor had asked him to remain in the cabinet.

Critics of Tanaka say the premier has entangled the emperor in the maze of party politics, and that the only form of apology which can be tendered to the throne is Tanaka's own resignation.

Kazuo Shoda, who was minister of education 1916-1918, has been appointed minister of education in Mizuno's place.

Col. John Barry Killed by Taxi. May 25 (A.P.)—Lieut. Col. John Barry, retired, a member of the Canadian militia, died in a hospital here today from injuries received when he was struck by a taxicab yesterday. He was an official of the Montreal police court.

Carson Stolen From Yard. The theft of a boat, which came from his front yard, was reported to police yesterday. George G. Onebreaker, 4739 Thirteenth street, northwest, The canoe was valued at \$50.

SENATE ELIMINATES INCOME PUBLICITY

CONTINUED FROM PAGE 1.

1926 permitting publication of amounts of income tax payments.

Senator Smoot (Republican), Utah in charge of the bill, replied that under the Norris amendment, by which all income tax returns would be open to inspection under the same rules and regulations as other tax returns, newspapers could not only print the amounts of income tax payments, but details concerning the individual taxpayer's income revealed in the returns.

Vote on Publicity Clause.

The roll call on the publicity amendment follows:

Against: Republicans—Bingham, Clegg, Clegg, Clegg, Davis, Felt, Gillett, Green, Hale, Keyes, McLean, McCall, Moses, Odde, Phillips (Pennsylvania), Robinson (Indiana), Sackett, Schell, Shorridge, Smoot, Steiner, Vandenberg, Warren, Waterman and Weston. Total, 27.

Democrats—Ashurst, Barkley, Bayard, Bruce, Caraway, Copeland, Edwards, Fletcher, George, Gerry, Glass, Harrison, Hayes, Hayden, Kendrick, Lester, McCall, O'Conor, O'Farrell, Rosen, Redmond, Smith, Stedman, Swanson, Tydings, Tyson, Wagner and Walsh (Massachusetts). Total, 30.

Total, 57.

For publicity:

Republicans—Blaine, Borah, Brookhart, Capper, Cousins, Cutting, Howell, Johnson, La Follette, McMaster and Norris. Total, 11.

Democrats—Black, Bratton, Dell, Harris, Heflin, King, Neely, Sheppard, Thomas, Walsh (Montana) and Wheeler. Total, 11.

Former-Labor—Shipstead. Total, 1.

Total for 23.

ALEXANDRIA GARDEN CLUB OFFERS MORE PRIZES FOR BLOOMS

Silver Basket Donated by Organization President Is on Exhibition.

THE WASHINGTON POST BUREAU, 124 N. Patrick St., Alexandria, Va.

The Alexandria Garden Club has announced several additional prizes for the annual flower show which will be held on the 25th.

Among the donors are the Mount Pleasant Garden Club, Mentor, Ohio; bulbs and perennials; T. C. Smith, of Falls Church, Virginia; Robert Forman, of Falls Church; and Mrs. Anderson of Garden Supply, Falls Church.

Mrs. Overton Price will have charge of the drift blue pottery made in the mountains of North Carolina.

The sweepstakes prize, a silver basket donated by the Garden Club, is now on display at Snyder, Kane & Booth's office on King street.

In the sweepstakes each blue ribbon will count 5 points; red, 3 points; blue, 1 point.

The prize will be given to the exhibitor making the largest number of points.

Much interest in the flower show is being shown by distant garden clubs, several clubs in northern Virginia having announced their intention of exhibiting.

At the West Washington Baptist Church, the Rev. C. B. Austin, pastor, will preach on "The Sower and the Seed" in the morning service, and in the evening he will have as his topic "The Glory of Jesus."

At Mount Pleasant, the Rev. William A. Lambeth, pastor, will preach at the morning and evening services. His subject at the morning service will be "Sower" and in the evening he will have as his topic "God's Nearness."

The Rev. John K. Ruskin, assistant pastor, will speak on "Controlling Primitive Forces" at the meeting of the junior congregation in the Sunday school auditorium.

The Ministry of Memory will be the subject of the morning service of the Rev. Ulysses G. B. Pierce, pastor, at All Soul's Unitarian Church. Dr. Pierce has recently returned from the annual meeting of the American Unitarian Association in Boston.

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Rev. John E. Briggs, pastor, at the First Baptist Church. In the evening Dr. Briggs will preach on "Jesus Our Daily Hope."

Deathbed Desires Topic.

The Last Thing a Person Desires to Do Before Dying will be preached by the Rev. E. H. Swett, pastor at the service in Centennial Church, of which he is pastor. Dr. Swett will preach on "Terminator" at the morning service.

Rev. Dr. Joseph A. Apple, president of Hood College, Frederick, Md., will fill the pulpit at the Church of the Covenant at the morning service. The topic of his address will be "The Spiritual Dynamic."

The Rev. William A. Eustach, pastor, will preach on "At Rest With God" at the evening service.

The receipts reported are for \$4,000 to \$7,267.06, although it is understood that the amount will be less.

Dr. Swett will be turned over to the Alexandria Post of the American Legion as a war memorial and a post home, will be continued over next week, according to Robert S. Jones, president of the Legion.

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VETERANS TO HEAR MEMORIAL SERMON BY ENGLISH PASTOR

Rev. Dr. Samuel Jones Will Occupy Pulpit at the First Congregational Church.

OFFICERS OF EPWORTH LEAGUE TO TAKE POSTS

Report on Presbyterian Session to Be Made by Dr. Taylor; Other Services.

The student body and faculty of the Marjorie Webster School will occupy a reserved section in the New York Avenue Presbyterian Church at the service on Sunday, May 27, at 10:30 a.m.

The Rev. Dr. Samuel Jones, pastor of the First Congregational Church, will deliver the baccalaureate sermon to the school's graduating class.

The theme of the sermon will be "The Vision of True Burden."

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WIVES OF TOMORROW

By FRANCES M'DONALD

EAR MISS M'DONALD: Your column today contained the wish that a few "regular men" write you their opinion of the modern girl who thinks.

The substance of the column had a particular interest for me, since I happen to be one of the few serious-minded young men of these modern days. Another reason for my particular interest is the fact that I have three consecutive years in a search for modern girls who think. How many such girls do you suppose I found? Just two, in spite of the intellectual environment of the little city in which I live. I am sure that there are more, but they could not think. "Understand, I do not mean that only two decent girls lived in the city. On the contrary, girls lived in the standards of most sets of the time and the amateur and best society was so high as to be startling to a Chicagoan or Washingtonian. Even innocent "petting" was frowned upon. The single standard of purity was man as well as woman in the small town name of that little city is Macon, Ga.

Editing the world is all right, but it is not a sin or a dance I prefer to be entertained, and I'm sure I'm not a freak, or demoralized. Of course, I may be prejudiced, for I once in early youth had a lover bent upon edifying my half-dozen of us. He would mother whenever he thought I was too happy, and constantly assured me that if I continued to make faces at boys I would be "misunderstood." We were about as apiee, I think, and he still represents to my mind about the most disgraceful form of human life.

Modern girls who are capable of thinking are rarer than diamonds and therefore invaluable. Girls who live by the rules, seeking only sensible pleasures, are chasing a will-o'-the-wisp that can only lead them to a cave of utter darkness. Too many of our young people have joined in the frantic search for things that do not appeal to the senses, but not to the sense (mentality); neglecting the only worth while and permanent pleasures, which are of the mind and the soul.

There is a fatal exaggeration of sex.

Material thrills are after all, very empty. It is companionship of mind and spirit which really counts. Can we make our brothers and sisters realize this truth, or must they find it out for themselves?

Conduct and Common Sense

By ANNE SINGLETONE

CHILDREN AS ATTENDANTS

NOT long ago a correspondent wanted six little ushers and a number of little girl bridesmaids. Now, here is one who whishes a flower girl, a train bearer and a ring bearer. She would like to know how place the children at the altar and wonders whether the ring bearer should be a boy or a girl.

The reason I think children out of place in most weddings is that they are often too shy or too self-confident. In the first case, they may spout the processional, have the children tremble, delayed a quarter of an hour while a little boy's nervous burst of tears was being soothed into quiet. In the second, the procession may spoil them. They become vain and conscious and altogether unpleasing as they mince or strut up the aisle. If the children belong in the

family and you can be pretty sure that they are in a charming addition to the bridal group well and good. But if they have to be borrowed from friends or neighbors because you think they would make a smart appearance, I think it an experiment you'd better not make. The idea of a pretty girl in a pretty dress, and if the child is really well dressed and well behaved, it may turn out charmingly. Two little boys in black velvet for winter, and in white pongee for summer, might carry the bride's train and stand on each side of the ring. The ring bearer and the bride were ready for their services again. Two little girls in simple frocks, something like the bridesmaids' in color, or perhaps lighter, might walk ahead of the bride, carrying baskets of flowers. These little girls would take the places with the bridesmaids. Ring bearers, torch bearers and young attendants of a like kind are quite unknown among people of the great world.

(Copyright, 1928.)

BEAUTY AND YOU

By VIOLA PARIS

EAR Miss Paris—My daughter, just past 14, is troubled with pimples on her face. Sometimes they become quite large and sore. For nearly two years, I have tried to cure them, having used various salves and lotions without much result. Is there anything I can do to clear her skin? I do not want her to have a plump complexion all her life.

ANXIOUS MOTHER

ANSWER. It is a real gratification to receive a letter such as this one. Here is a wise mother anxious to help her daughter toward a fair, clear skin before it is too late.

"Blemishes such as these often make their appearance during adolescence, and an oil and skin problem of permanent change that are going on. They may disappear of their own accord when the period of change is past, but it does not pay to take this for granted. If not properly treated, the pimples may sprout a large sore and become a permanent disfigurement. When a pimpled condition has become firmly established, simple home treatments will not suffice and they become a case for a skin specialist. Taken in time, they give no lasting trouble.

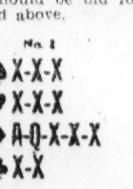
The skin should be given a thorough cleansing every night, the cleansing to be followed by the application of a soft face cloth and held against the skin. The cloth must not be hot enough to scald. Next, a good thick lather of tincture of green soap should be applied and should be left on for a few minutes before being rinsed in clear warm water. The pimples may now be bathed with a hot solution of boric acid; and whatever they contain gently pressed out. A fine needle, thoroughly sterilized, may be used to extract the pus. The pimple should be taken hot to brush the skin. If a black-head proves stubborn, let it remain until the next cleansing. Complete the treatment by bathing the skin once more, with a cool and boric acid solution, dry thoroughly and apply an astringent, such as orange oil. A soothing and healing ointment, applied at bedtime and left on over night, will be helpful. There are several ex-

Mr. Work's Pointers
Contract Bridge

The following examples will make this clear:



In Contract with this holding by West, if South (Dealer) bid one Heart, a pass would be advisable; but if South (Dealer) bid one Diamond or one Club, one Spade should be bid for the reason explained above.



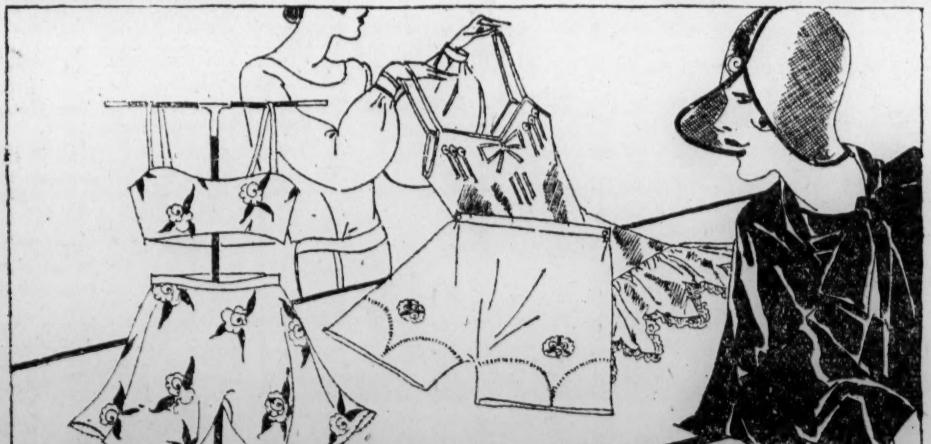
With the above hand held by West, a bid of one Diamond should be made if South (Dealer) start by bidding one Club; but if South pass, bid one of a Minor, or one No Trump, this West has a pass.

Contract Bridge will be continued next Friday.

(Copyright, 1928.)

MODISH MITZI

Mitzi Can Always Find Something New



Mitzi doesn't intend to buy anything, but it's impossible to pass by without admiring these new underthings. That set of flowered silk print, for instance. The shorts are set on a narrow band and flare from the waist. The bandage is carefully cut and shaped. The other shorts are equally tailored looking in their cut. They are made of pongee which, every one knows, is one of the most satisfactory summer fabrics. Not natural-colored pongee, though, but pongee of pale blue. The chemise that is held up for inspection is a step-in with a ruffle around the bottom. This is of pale green voile and is trimmed with hand hemstitching and Val lace edging.

(All rights reserved by the George Matthew Adams Service—Trade Mark Registered U. S. Patent Office.)

Daily Cross-Word Puzzle

HORIZONTAL

1 Secretion from 39 A state of a sore 4 Herring-like fish 9 Ban! 12 Venomous serpent 14 Velvet-like cloth 14 Extreme resentment 15 Comprehend 16 Hidden Expression of sorrow Obscurity 24 The Lord's Day 27 To State 28 Sun god 30 National hero 31 Gave forth light 32 Through 33 The Fourteenth 34 Barely enough 35 Greek god of 36 Breathe in and out 38 Collide

VERTICAL

1 A lively dance 9 One of the vessels of Columbus 10 Metal-bearing Rock 11 Dangeng to a female 12 To cut open 13 Word indicating an addition 14 Prophetic signs 15 Blood covering 16 Of some thing 17 Pen 18 Part of a sewer's equipment 22 Blowing blow or check 23 Sheep-like 24 In France 25 Corners 26 Irritating Portion 27 The journal 28 Invocations 29 To engage in 30 Engaging 31 For cutting cloth or paper (usually the high price of paper and ink, I can not print it all). And yet I want to answer it. Here it is, in brief:

To the limit of space, questions pertinent to hygiene and prevention of disease will be answered in this column. Personal replies will be made, to queries, under proper limitations, when return stamped envelope is inclosed. Dr. Evans will not make diagnosis or prescribe for individuals disease.

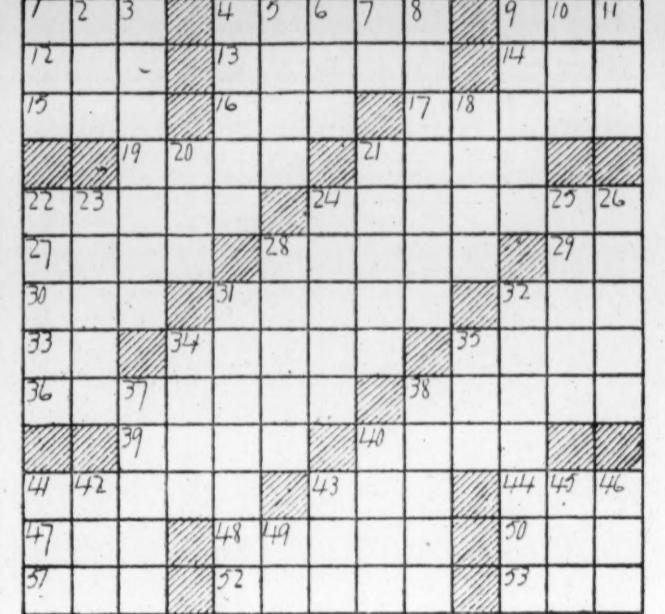
GET OVER THE HABIT OF WORRYING.

B. S. WRITES me a long letter, asking me to read it all and answer. Since she did not sign the letter, I will not add her name. She writes: "I am a widow, and I have a mother, who, when he thought I was too happy, and constantly assured me that if I continued to make faces at boys I would be 'misunderstood.' We were about as apiee, I think, and he still represents to my mind about the most disgraceful form of human life."

To my mind, youth is the time for joy—and no girl should be condemned because she is just carefree and happy. The frivoule girl I ever knew seems for me to be a joy. She has not seen her in over 10 years. Her little son 6 years old has just been buried. Such still agony of grief amazed me. The thought of a girl at school, and her reckless laughing and fun. I wept not for the little dead boy, but for our dead youth, our childish harmless joy at being alive in a fairy land of wonders.

REPLY. To the woman who is

Copyright, 1928.)



HOW TO KEEP WELL

By DR. W. A. EVANS

To the limit of space, questions pertinent to hygiene and prevention of disease will be answered in this column. Personal replies will be made, to queries, under proper limitations, when return stamped envelope is inclosed. Dr. Evans will not make diagnosis or prescribe for individuals disease.

GET OVER THE HABIT OF WORRYING.

B. S. WRITES me a long letter, asking me to read it all and answer. Since she did not sign the letter, I will not add her name. She writes: "I am a widow, and I have a mother, who, when he thought I was too happy, and constantly assured me that if I continued to make faces at boys I would be 'misunderstood.' We were about as apiee, I think, and he still represents to my mind about the most disgraceful form of human life."

To my mind, youth is the time for joy—and no girl should be condemned because she is just carefree and happy. The frivoule girl I ever knew seems for me to be a joy. She has not seen her in over 10 years. Her little son 6 years old has just been buried. Such still agony of grief amazed me. The thought of a girl at school, and her reckless laughing and fun. I wept not for the little dead boy, but for our dead youth, our childish harmless joy at being alive in a fairy land of wonders.

REPLY. To the woman who is

Copyright, 1928.)

MARTIE FLYNN WINS CHURCHILL DOWNS FEATURE

Bonivan Runs Half Length Behind

Pascuma Rides Byrd to Victory in Stake at Belmont.

False Pride Fails to Finish in Money in Hempstead.

Louisville, Ky., May 25 (A.P.)— The New Albany Purse, feature of today's card, was for 3-year-olds and upward. Bonivan, ridden by Martie Flynn, who finished tenth in the Kentucky Derby, Bonivan was second and Cressco third. The time for the race was 1:40 4/5, over a track that was sloppy.

Bonivan set the pace to the stretch, where he began to tire and Martie Flynn took command to win by half a length. Bonivan was a length in front of Cressco.

The attendance was very poor today because of the threatening weather, rain starting to fall just before the first race and continuing through the afternoon.

Belmont Park Race Track, N. Y., May 25 (A.P.)—The Fair Stable's Byrd, with Pascuma up scored easily in winning the Hempstead Handicap, 6 furlongs, over the Widener course here today. He was heavily played, the rush showing for him at the last moment and his price dropped to 16 to 5. Crystal Domino landed second money, with Sandy third.

False Pride, thing, False Pride, failed to show anything worth while and finished away back in the ruck. Byrd dashed right to the front and making all the running won by three lengths. Crystal Domino took the place with a head from Sandy.

MOUNT ROYAL ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—Five and one-half furlongs. 1135 Jaeger, 1102 Dancer, 1102 J. Primed, 1037 Davenport.

SECOND RACE—Five and one-half furlongs. 1150 Henry Fox, 1108 Puff Ball, 1109 Summer Time, 1102 Leading Light, 1109 Silver Tips, 1102 Missy, 1109 Missy.

THIRD RACE—Five and one-half furlongs. 1125 Rose Star, 1106 Blennierhasset, 1106 Canders, 1102 2nd Leading Light, 1106 Missy.

FOURTH RACE—Five and one-half furlongs. 1107 T. S. Jordan, 1098 2nd Leading Light, 1106 Missy.

FIFTH RACE—Five and one-half furlongs. 1107 2nd Leading Light, 1106 Missy.

SIXTH RACE—Five and one-half furlongs. 1107 2nd Leading Light, 1106 Missy.

SEVENTH RACE—One mile. 1107 2nd Leading Light, 1106 Missy.

EIGHTH RACE—One mile. 1107 2nd Leading Light, 1106 Missy.

NINTH RACE—One mile. 1107 2nd Leading Light, 1106 Missy.

TENTH RACE—One mile. 1107 2nd Leading Light, 1106 Missy.

ELEVENTH RACE—One mile. 1107 2nd Leading Light, 1106 Missy.

TWELVE RACE—One mile. 1107 2nd Leading Light, 1106 Missy.

THIRTEEN RACE—One mile. 1107 2nd Leading Light, 1106 Missy.

FOURTEEN RACE—One mile. 1107 2nd Leading Light, 1106 Missy.

FIFTEEN RACE—One mile. 1107 2nd Leading Light, 1106 Missy.

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\$7,000,000 AGREED TO FOR MALL LAND IN DEFICIENCY BILL

House Approves Conference Report, Carrying Total of \$146,000,000.

MOUNT VERNON ROAD IS GIVEN \$2,500,000

\$20,000 for Bathing Pools; \$60,000 for Compensation Needs; Wakefield Out.

The House and Senate conferees on the second deficiency bill compromised yesterday on the appropriation for the purchase of private property in the Pennsylvania Avenue-Mall triangle. The sum agreed to was \$7,000,000. Working fast, the conferees whipped their report into shape in the afternoon and just past 6 o'clock the House approved it. The Senate still must act.

As finally approved by the conferees, the bill carries a total appropriation of \$146,000,000. The House bill had carried \$89,000,000 and the Senate bill \$149,000,000.

Coolidge Asked \$9,750,000.

The House had authorized \$5,000,000 for purchase of the triangle property, which property is to give way to public buildings. The Senate raised this to \$9,750,000, the amount recommended by President Coolidge. After a struggle, the conferees yesterday agreed on the great sum.

Other items approved in conference were as follows:

For engineering work on the Mount Vernon Memorial Highway, \$2,500,000; for completing two public bathing pools here, \$20,000; for a salary survey by the personnel classification board as authorized by the Welch bill, \$75,000; for the States Employees Compensation Commission in carrying out the terms of the Blaine-Underhill workers' compensation bill, \$60,000.

\$45,000 for Western High.

For an athletic field at Western High School, \$100,000; for new construction at Walter Reed Hospital, \$300,000; for the temporary Soldiers and Sailors Home, \$800.

The increases for the various hospitals here were all approved, the House receding to the Senate on this point. A total of \$15,000 was approved for the Assessors' Office in order to carry out certain recommendations of the Bureau of Efficiency.

The item of \$6,500 for making a survey in connection with the plan to improve Wakefield, Va., the birthplace of George Washington, was stricken out by the conferees.

Navy Band Musician Answers Wife's Suit

Benjamin Adelman, musician in the United States Navy Band, who is now in the Naval Hospital here, who was sued for \$10,000 by Mrs. Dorothy Adelman, 1335 Seventeenth northwest, denied yesterday in his answer filed in Equity Court that he threw his wife out of an automobile on three occasions and attacked her on a third, none of these charges are true he says.

Through Attorney G. S. Paragol the musician says that his wife unjustly accused him of the larceny of a navy band, and caused his detention for a period of six weeks before a court-martial acquitted him. Mrs. Adelman deserted her husband on December 12, 1927, he charged.

Teacher Near Death After Auto Wreck

Mrs. Jeanne Elizabeth Wagner, 34-year-old teacher at the National Park Seminary, is at Emergency Hospital with a broken back and six broken ribs as the result of an automobile accident early yesterday morning. Her condition is critical.

Mrs. Wagner was a passenger in an auto driven by Miss Mary Roland Clarke, 21, of Pittsburgh, Pa., a former student at the seminary. The machine careened into an embankment when Miss Clarke swerved the wheel to avoid a stone. The car then careened into a Geran street northeast. Miss Clarke was uninjured. She told police that the shock had left her with a hazy remembrance of the accident but that she remembered turning aside to avoid the street car. Police did not hold Miss Clarke.

Estimates for City's Budget Are Asked

The District government department heads will call upon yesterday to prepare their estimates for the local budget for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1930, and to submit them to Maj. Daniel J. Donovan, District auditor, not later than June 7.

In the letter of instruction it was ordered that salary estimates be calculated without taking into account the pending Welch-Smoot bill for payroll increases. It is planned, if the bill becomes law, that the increased salaries it will establish will be inserted in the final estimates. The Welch-Smoot bill, in its present form, it will cause increased payroll expenditures in excess of the sums appropriated for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1929.

Grandmother Seeks Son.

Mrs. Tillie Siegel, 4313 Illinois avenue northwest, filed suit yesterday in Circuit Court for \$25,000 damages for alleged personal injuries by Clara E. Leaman through Attorney Blaine Mallan the plaintiff says that an automobile in which she was riding was struck by the defendant machine near Urbana, Md., on April 17, 1927.

False Arrest Charged.

The American Railway Express Co. was sued yesterday in Circuit Court for \$50,000 damages for alleged false arrest by George W. 1017, 1017½ street northwest. Through Attorneys Welford, Labofish and Sakran the plaintiff says that on September 28, 1927, he was unjustly accused of larceny at Alexandria, Va., and the defendant later abandoned the prosecution.

Today's Happenings

Meeting—The Ergotocats Club, 817 Thirteenth street northwest, 8 o'clock.

Smoker—Columbia University Club of Washington, 2633 Sixteenth street northwest, 8:30 o'clock.

Motion Picture—"A Trip Across Canada," 17th street northwest, 8:15 o'clock.

Play—"The Rivals," Gunston Hall graduating class, 1906 Florida avenue, 6 o'clock.

HERE ARE THE ANSWERS To Questions on Magazine Page

1. A husky is an Eskimo dog.
2. Virgil wrote the Aeneid.
3. The floral emblem of Scotland is the thistle.
4. The boiling point of water on the Fahrenheit thermometer is 212 degrees.
5. The following lines were written of George Washington: "First in war, first in peace, and first in the hearts of his countrymen."
6. The Bastille is the prison the anniversary of the storming of which is celebrated in France every year on July 14.
7. Oberammergau is in Bavaria, near Munich, and is noted for the miracle play acted there.
8. Oberon, in medieval mythology, is the king of the fairies.
9. Henry Lee, revolutionary general, was known as "Lightning Harry."
10. Little John, one of Robin Hood's followers, was noted for his great height and strength.

(Copyright, 1928.)

DR. BURGESS AGAIN HEADS CONFERENCE ON WEIGHTS

H. L. Flurry and Francis Meredith Elected Vice Presidents of National Group.

TAXI METERS APPROVED

Dr. George K. Burgess, director of the Bureau of Standards, yesterday was reelected president of the National Conference on Weights and Measures at the close of a three-day session of the organization at the Raleigh Hotel. Other elected officers were first vice president H. L. Flurry, chief of the State division of weights and measures, Montgomery, Ala.; second vice president, Francis Meredith, director of the State division of weights and measures. Bruce C. Mathews, Mr. F. H. Brooker, the Bureau of Standards, and treasurer, George F. Austin, city sealer of weights and measures, Detroit.

The conference adopted two resolutions, namely, one approving the transmission of taxi meters and the other authorizing the appointment of a special committee to devise ways of a permanent establishing uniformity throughout the United States in regulations governing weights and measures.

The committee will be selected later.

President Coolidge was host at a reception held at the White House at 12:30 p.m. for the more than 250 delegates attending the twenty-first meeting of the conference. The President posed for pictures with the delegates.

During the sessions of the conference, Dr. Burgess denounced the American Institute of Weights and Measures for recent attacks of Bureau officials on the institute, and the organization which would authorize the Bureau of Standards to check the accuracy of weighing and measuring devices made for sale in the country. Edward J. Mahoney, a legislator from Connecticut, in criticizing Samuel S. Dale, of Boston, author of a "blue book" supporting the institute and criticizing the Bureau, declared during the course of his speech, "I want to say that if he is quoted properly in that blue book he is a damn liar."

Henry Foley, acting chairman of the legislative committee of the conference, was present at the meeting at which the statement was made, was erroneously quoted as having made the statement.

WOMAN IS INJURED IN AUTO-BUS CRASH

10 Other Passengers Shocked and Bruised in Collision on Baltimore Road.

One woman was seriously injured and ten other passengers on the Baltimore-Washington bus were shocked and bruised early yesterday when the bus was in collision with an automobile driven by Clarence Waller, colored, of Orangeburg, S. C., about two miles from Laurel.

The injured woman is Mrs. Ethel Thompson, 1018 Seventeenth street northwest, who is at Emergency Hospital with a possible fracture of the skull and other injuries to the body.

K. L. Thompson, her husband, was cut on the face, and Mrs. Waller, 24, Savage, Mo., cut on the head and leg.

The bus was saved from a 10-foot dive into the Little Patuxent River when it struck the stone abutment of the bridge.

Through Attorney G. S. Paragol the musician says that his wife unjustly accused him of the larceny of a navy band, and caused his detention for a period of six weeks before a court-martial acquitted him. Mrs. Adelman deserted her husband on December 12, 1927, he charged.

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Play—"The Rivals," Gunston Hall graduating class, 1906 Florida avenue, 6 o'clock.

NEWS OF DAY CAUGHT BY CAMERA



Copyright, 1928. Eric Stahlberg. From Wide World Photos.

LIKE OLD TIMES. Mrs. Coolidge at Northampton, Mass., with a group of children at the Clarke School where she taught before her marriage.

COOLIDGE WILL SEE BALL GAME OF HOUSE

PLANE MOTOR SCARES PHILIPPINE SAVAGES

Flee to Mountains When Engine Is Started on Sugar Plantation.

AN HER TOES. Nine-year-old Vivian Kern, who will take part in the Clara Roehrl dance recital Tuesday at Belasco.

NATIONAL UNIVERSITY DEBATE ON EVOLUTION

A verdict of accidental death was returned by a coroner's jury which heard evidence in the death of Charles S. Carrigan, 69 years old, 4112 Hayes street northeast, who was struck by a Pennsylvania Railroad locomotive while crossing the tracks opposite Barnes lane northeast Thursday.

Engineer William H. White, 1333 Good Hope road southeast, said Carrigan was struck in the part of his body not protected by his coat.

A commercial cameraman was there and, as usual, took pictures of the accident, began to photograph the wonderings native.

Matters went well until the pilot opened the plane motor. Then the tribesmen fled to the hills, knocking over the motion picture camera.

COOLIDGE WILL SEE BALL GAME OF HOUSE

DEMOCRATS AND REPUBLICANS WILL STRIVE FOR VICTORY IN BIENNIAL EVENT.

House Democrats and Republicans today will collaborate in a baseball game at American League Park. The contest two years ago ended with the Democrats winning.

President Coolidge will throw out the first ball at 3 p.m. The Marine Band will give a concert before the game.

WRC will broadcast each feature of the game.

Clark Griffith, president of the Washington Senators, will be the guest of honor.

Those competing tonight are R. E. Barker, W. W. Bryan, David A. Lynn and Samuel Lightman.

"I'll be the first to come out and stand up to the cameras," said Barker, who is president of the Miller Debating Society, with the exception of Barker, who is president of the Alvey Skating Society.

\$15,000 SOUGHT IN SUIT.

Walter B. Barr, of Alexandria, Va., filed suit yesterday in Circuit Court against the Louis K. Liggett Co. for \$15,000 damages for alleged personal injuries.

Members of Rescue Squad No. 2, answering a call at Twenty-ninth and Calvert streets northwest yesterday afternoon, found O. W. Carpenter, 40, 102½ street northwest, severely mangled from behind a freight car.

Through Attorney Lewis H. Barnes the plaintiff says that he was struck by the accident, but this place is used by a number of persons as the nearest

crossing, a yard engine, was southbound at the time of the accident.

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